



From Feynman diagrams to cross sections @ NNLO

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Motivation



MUonE experiment :: new proposal for a_{μ}^{HVP} with running of $\Delta \alpha_{\text{had}}$

time-like formula



$$a_{\mu}^{\text{HVP}} = \left(\frac{\alpha m_{\mu}^2}{3\pi}\right)^2 \int_{m_{\pi^0}^2}^{\infty} ds \frac{R_{\text{had}}(s) K(s)}{s^2} \qquad \qquad K(s) = \int_0^1 dx \frac{x^2 (1-x)}{x^2 + (1-x) \left(s/m_{\mu}^2\right)}$$

space-like formula



$$a_{\mu}^{\text{HVP}} = \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \int_{0}^{1} dx (1-x) \,\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}} \left[t(x) \right] \qquad t(x) = \frac{x^2 m_{\mu}^2}{x-1} < 0$$

 $\Delta \alpha_{had}[t(x)]$ can be extracted from the differential cross-section of $\mu^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+e^-$

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$$R_{\text{had}} = \frac{d\sigma_{\text{data}} \left(\Delta \alpha_{\text{had}} \right)}{d\sigma_{\text{MC}} \left(\Delta \alpha_{\text{had}} = 0 \right)} \sim 1 + 2\Delta \alpha_{\text{had}}(t)$$

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$$a_{\mu}^{\text{HVP}} = \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \int_{0}^{1} dx \left(1 - x\right) \Delta \alpha_{\text{had}} \left[t \left(x\right)\right]$$

 $\Delta \alpha_{had}[t(x)]$ can be extracted from the differential cross-section of $\mu^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+e^-$

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[Pilato's courtesy]

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$$R_{\text{had}} = \frac{d\sigma_{\text{data}} \left(\Delta \alpha_{\text{had}} \right)}{d\sigma_{\text{MC}} \left(\Delta \alpha_{\text{had}} = 0 \right)} \sim 1 + 2\Delta \alpha_{\text{had}}(t)$$

Standard approach @multi-loop level -<+)_- +)___ + Draw all Feynman diagrams Profit from Unitarity based methods Generate integrands Profit of DimReg Sector Decomposition **Use Integration-By-Parts** Auxiliary mass flow identities Series expansion **Tropical** geometry Numerically **Evaluate integrals** Analytically -Diff. Eqs. William J. Torres Bobadilla 3



Outline

Motivation
Analytic evaluation of scattering amplitudes
Towards (N)NLO w/ Phokhara

Conclusions & Outlook

$e - \mu$ elastic scattering at NNLO

$$\mu^+(p_1) + e^-(p_2) \to \mu^+(p_3) + e^-(p_4)$$

Anatomy

- Born matrix element tree-level & n-pt process
- Real contribution Tree-level (n+1)-particles



• Virtual Contribution one-loop n-particles

No assumption made in the newest result
 QED & EW effects
 Full lepton mass dependence
 Fully differential fixed order MC @ NLO

$$\hat{\sigma}_{NLO} \sim \int_{\mathrm{d}\Phi_{m+1}} \mathrm{d}\hat{\sigma}_{NLO}^R + \int_{\mathrm{d}\Phi_m} \mathrm{d}\hat{\sigma}_{NLO}^V + \mathrm{MC} \text{ integration}$$

[Carloni Calame, Alacevich, Chiesa, Montagna, Nicrosini, Piccinini (2018)]

$$\mu^+(p_1) + e^-(p_2) \to \mu^+(p_3) + e^-(p_4)$$

Anatomy @ NNLO



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[McMule framework]





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In the massless electron limit ($m_e^2 = 0$) 4-point process depending on 3 scales

 $s = (p_1 + p_2)^2$, $t = (p_2 - p_3)^2$, $u = (p_1 - p_3)^2$, $s + t + u = 2M^2$.



Compute interference



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+

$$\mathcal{M}^{(2)} = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\text{spins}} 2\text{Re}\left(A_n^{(2)}A_n^{(0)*}\right) + 2\text{Re}\left(A_n^{(1)}A_n^{(1)*}\right)$$

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Deal w/ Feynman integrals

$$J_N^{(L),D}(1,...,n;n+1,...,m) = \int \prod_{i=1}^L \frac{d^D \ell_i}{\iota \, \pi^{D/2}} \frac{\prod_{k=n+1}^m D_k^{-\nu_k}}{\prod_{j=1}^n D_j^{\nu_j}}$$

Integrand/integral reductions

[Chetyrkin, Tchakov] [Laporta]

$$\mathcal{M}^{(2)} (e\mu \to e\mu) = \sum_{k} c_k (s, t, m^2, \epsilon) I_k^{(2)} (s, t, m^2, \epsilon)$$

$$O(10000) \text{ monomials} O(100) \text{ MIs}$$

 $\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 2 \\ \hline D_{k+1} \\ q_1 \\ \hline q_1 \\ \hline D_{k-1} \\ \hline K \\ k+1 \\ \hline N \end{array}$

Evaluate Feynman integrals

[Bonciani, Ferroglia, Gehrmann, von Manteuffel (2008-13)] [Mastrolia, Passera, Primo, Schubert (2017)] [Di Vita, Laporta, Mastrolia, Primo, Schubert (2018)]



Ş Let's recap!



$$\stackrel{\text{\tiny $\eeservecture}}{=} e^+ e^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$

$$\stackrel{\text{\tiny [Bonciani et al (2021)]}}{=} \mu^+ e^- \rightarrow \mu^+ e^-$$

$$\stackrel{\text{\tiny [Broggio et al (2022)]}}{=} q\bar{q} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$$

o et al (2022)]

[Mandal et al (2023)]

<<Yannick's talk

Public repositories w/ analytic expressions of amplitudes.

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[Aida :: Mastrolia, Peraro, Primo, Ronca, W.J.T.]

Numerical evaluation of eµ @ two loops

$$\mathcal{M}_{(2,0)}^{(2)} = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\text{spins}} 2\text{Re}\left(A_n^{(2)}A_n^{(0)*}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{M}^{(1)} = & A^{(1)} + n_l \, B_l^{(1)} + n_h \, C_h^{(1)} \\ \mathcal{M}^{(2)} = & A^{(2)} + n_l \, B_l^{(2)} + n_h \, C_h^{(2)} + n_l^2 \, D_l^{(2)} + n_h n_l \, E_{hl}^{(2)} + n_h^2 \, F_h^{(2)} \end{aligned}$$

Evaluation @
$$s/M^2 = 5, t/M^2 = -5/4, \mu = M.$$

[<u>Ginac</u> :: Vollinga, Weinzierl (2004)] [<u>HandyG</u> :: Naterop, Signer, Y. Ulrich (2019)]

| | ϵ^{-4} | ϵ^{-3} | ϵ^{-2} | ϵ^{-1} | ϵ^0 | ε |
|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|
| $\mathcal{M}^{(0)}$ | - | - | - | - | $\frac{181}{100}$ | -2 |
| $A^{(1)}$ | - | - | $-\frac{181}{100}$ | 1.99877525 | 22.0079572 | -11.7311017 |
| $B_{l}^{(1)}$ | - | - | - | - | -0.069056030 | 4.94328573 |
| $C_{h}^{(1)}$ | - | - | - | - | -2.24934027 | 2.54943566 |
| $A^{(2)}$ | $\frac{181}{400}$ | -0.499387626 | -35.4922919 | 19.4997261 | 48.8842283 | - |
| $B_{l}^{(2)}$ | - | $-\frac{181}{400}$ | 0.785712779 | -16.1576674 | -3.75247701 | - |
| $C_{h}^{(2)}$ | - | - | 1.12467013 | -9.50785825 | -25.8771503 | - |
| $D_{l}^{(2)}$ | - | - | - | - | -3.96845688 | - |
| $E_{hl}^{(2)}$ | - | - | - | - | -4.88512563 | - |
| $F_{h}^{(2)}$ | - | - | - | - | -0.158490810 | - |



IR Structure w/ massive particles in the loop

tree- & one-loop contributions —> two-loop IR poles after UV renormalisation

$$\mathcal{M}^{(1)}\Big|_{\text{poles}} = \frac{1}{2} Z_1^{\text{IR}} \mathcal{M}^{(0)}\Big|_{\text{poles}}$$
$$\mathcal{M}^{(2)}\Big|_{\text{poles}} = \frac{1}{8} \left[\left(Z_2^{\text{IR}} - \left(Z_1^{\text{IR}} \right)^2 \right) \mathcal{M}^{(0)} + 2 Z_1^{\text{IR}} \mathcal{M}^{(1)} \right] \Big|_{\text{poles}}$$

Anomalous dimension —> IR structure

$$\Gamma = \gamma_{\text{cusp}}\left(\alpha\right)\ln\left(-\frac{s}{\mu^2}\right) + 2\gamma_{\text{cusp}}\left(\alpha\right)\ln\left(\frac{t-M^2}{u-M^2}\right) + \gamma_{\text{cusp},M}\left(\alpha,s\right) + \gamma_h\left(\alpha,s\right) + \gamma_l\left(\alpha,s\right)$$

IR renormalisation factor

$$\ln Z^{\rm IR} = \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \left(\frac{\Gamma_0'}{4\epsilon^2} + \frac{\Gamma_0}{2\epsilon} \right) + \left(\frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \right)^2 \left(-\frac{3\beta_0 \Gamma_0'}{16\epsilon^3} + \frac{\Gamma_1' - 4\beta_0 \Gamma_0}{16\epsilon^2} + \frac{\Gamma_1}{4\epsilon} \right) + \mathcal{O}\left(\alpha^3\right) \qquad \Gamma' = \frac{\partial}{\partial \ln \mu} \Gamma\left(\alpha\right)$$

☑ Full agreement of the IR poles structure obtained by direct calculation of the two-loop diagrams

real & imaginary part!

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[Czakon, Mitov, Moch (2007)] [Becher, Neubert (2009)] [Hill (2017)]

PhokharaX towards NNLO

Phokhara_10

[H. Czyż, J.H. Kühn, G. Rodrigo, et al (2001 – 2020)]

Current Status

- Monte Carlo event generator for $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ /hadrons (+ photons)
- simulates this process at the next-to-leading order (NLO) accuracy.
- Rely :: on QED for pure fermionic processes
 :: on sQED for processes w/ pions



Figure 2.2. The four diagrams with pentagon topology for $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$

Control on Initial State & Final State radiation

<<Henryk's talk

Phokhara_10

[H. Czyż, J.H. Kühn, G. Rodrigo, et al (2001 – 2020)]

Currently in Liverpool

- Revisit structure of Phokhara
- Amplitude generation @ tree and one-loop
- Unify third party Phokhara developments

Olga Shekhovtsova Stefan Mueller Fedor Ignatov

...

...

Understand experimental needs (Kloe analysis)

Graziano Venanzoni Paolo Beltrame Lorenzo Punzi

Phokhara_10

Short & long term goals

w/ Thomas Teubner & Graziano Venanzoni

- Optimisation of event generators
- Improvement on evaluation of scattering amplitudes

Pau Petit Rosas

Insertion of scattering amplitudes relevant at NNLO

Tom Dave



Loop integrals known —> Assemble pieces

Synergy between muon & pion channel
 sQED vs ad-hoc models

Final remark

All technology that is gonna be developed in our team *is not only restricted* to implementations within Phokhara framework

Mesmer

McMule

KKMC

Phokhara

The high-energy community has done a lot of work —> Let's use it!

Conclusions & Outlook

We have reached:

☑ Complete setup for calculating two-loop scattering amplitudes.
 ☑ NNLO prediction for *e* − µ elastic scattering :: MUonE.
 ☑ Baby steps towards Phokhara @ NNLO.

We are working on:

Provide efficient approaches to combine numerics & analytics.
 Use novel mathematic insights in evaluation of Feynman integrals.
 Extension to further QED processes.

Provide a standalone MC event generator.

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