### Muong-2 & EDM @ J-PARC

## Gerco Onderwater

on behalf of the J-PARC E34 Collaboration

Workshop on Precision Muon Physics, Liverpool, UK, 8 Nov 2023

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### **Maastricht University**



## **Experiment E34 @ J-PARC**

### Part of a wide-range muon physics programme



Aim: competitive measurement of muon g-2 and EDM

https://g-2.kek.jp/portal/index.html



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**Polarized Muon Production** 

**Storage & Spin Precession** 



### **Detection of Spin Orientation**





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#### LINAC **- P** (400 MeV). **Rapid Cycle** Synchrotron (3 GeV) Neutrino exp. facility g-2/EDM Materials and Life science experimental Facility Main Ring MIF (30 GeV) proton muon neutron

neutrino

Beam power 1MW Rep. Rate 25 Hz

Hadron exp. Hall

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### Production







### → BNL FNAL

**Emittance ~ 1000\pi mm·mrad** Proton and pion contamination Need strong (electric) focussing Need 'magic'  $\gamma = \sqrt{1/a_{\mu}+1} = 29$ Muon loss

### → JPARC

 $\mu^+$ 

Emittance ~ 1π mm·mrad (after reacceleration) little/no need for focussing Can run at any γ Allows a compact setup



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### **H1-Beamlines**







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## First beam (Jan. 2022)









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## **Muon Cooling**





**Cooling + LINAC : world's first muon accelerator** 



### **Muonium Production**





#### Muonium yield measured @ TRIUMF





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### **Muonium Production**



Laser ablated silica aerogel



#### J-PARC S2 area (Feb. 2023)





### **Muonium Ionisation**









#### Ionisation test via 1S-2S



In collaboration w/ Okayama University (Uetake et al.)





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## Assembly for Test ('23)







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### **Storage & Spin Precession**



### **Detection of Spin Orientation**





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### Storage

Vertical injection Efficiency **η = 85%** (c.f. Horizontal 5%)

Muon orbit radius R = 33 cm (*c.f.* R = 711 cm)

Magnetic field strength **B = 3 T** (*c.f.* 1.45 T)

Electric quad-field strength  $Q_E = 0$  $(c.f. Q_{E} = 1 \text{ kV/cm}^{2})$ 



r [mm]

0.0



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## Magnetic Shimming Test

注意!! Caution!

Strong Magnetic

Field

1.7 T superconducting magnet



Field uniformity

0.454 ppm (peak-to-peak) on the surface of sphere r=15 cm



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## **Spiral Injection**



fringe field reduce injection angle. Z = 0

2. Radial

Mid Plane

1. Inject beam at vertical angle in solenoid storage magnet.

Solenoid Axis

3. Vertical magnetic kicker will reduce the remaining pitch angle to about zero.

Bkkk

4. The beam will be stored at the midplane under the weak focusing field

#### **Injection efficiency** ~ 85%

linuma et al., DOI: 10.1016/j.nima.2016.05.126 (2016) Rehman et al., DOI: 10.18429/JACoW-LINAC2018-THPO017 (2017) Oda et al., DOI: 10.1109/TASC.2022.3164996 (2022)



## **Test w/ Electrons**





linuma et al., Publication forthcoming





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### **Detection of Spin Orientation**





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### Detection

**In-field Si-strip Tracker** 40 vanes @ 4 x 4 x (H+V) sensors / vane @ 1024 strips / sensor @ 5 cm x 190 μm / strip @ 250 kreads / s (1 frame / 5 ns)  $\rightarrow$  (0.5 Tbits/s)  $\rightarrow$  zero-suppress

**Spectrometer Specs** Expected max. #e<sup>+</sup>'s 6/ns, 30/frame Max. hit rate: 150 kHz / mm<sup>2</sup> p > 200 MeV/c  $dp/p = 8x10^{-4}$ 



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### **Vane Production**





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## **EDM sensitivity**

#### Electron

Internal E in molecule:  $HfF^+ \rightarrow E_{eff} = 2300 \text{ GV/m}$  $|d_e| < 4.1 \times 10^{-30} e \cdot cm (90\% C.L.)$ 

#### Muon

Relativistic E:  $g-2 \rightarrow E_{eff} = v \times B = 0.5 \text{ GV/m}$  $|d_{\mu}| < 1.8 \times 10^{-19} e \cdot cm (95\% C.L.)$ Indirect from <sup>199</sup>Hg and ThO  $|d_{\mu}|_{Hg} < 6 \times 10^{-20} e \cdot cm, |d_{\mu}|_{ThO} < 2 \times 10^{-20} e \cdot cm$ 





### Aim: $|d_{\mu}| < 1.5 \times 10^{-21} e \cdot cm$ (95% C.L.)

Roussy et al., DOI: https://doi.org/10.48550/arXiv.2212.11841 (2022) Bennett et al., DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevD.80.052008 (2009) Ema, Gao, and Pospelov, arXiv:2108.05398 (2021)







## **Comparison of Specs**

	BNL-E821	Fermilab-E989	Our experiment
Muon momentum	3.09 (	300 MeV/c	
Lorentz $\gamma$	29	3	
Polarization	100	50%	
Storage field	B = 1	B = 3.0  T	
Focusing field	Electric qu	Very weak magnetic	
Cyclotron period	149	7.4 ns	
Spin precession period	4.37	$^{\prime}\mu\mathrm{s}$	$2.11 \ \mu s$
Number of detected $e^+$	$5.0 \times 10^{9}$	$1.6 \times 10^{11}$	$5.7  imes 10^{11}$
Number of detected $e^-$	$3.6 \times 10^{9}$	_	_
$a_{\mu}$ precision (stat.)	460 ppb	100 ppb	450 ppb
(syst.)	280 ppb	100 ppb	<70 ppb
EDM precision (stat.)	$0.2 \times 10^{-19} e \cdot \mathrm{cm}$	_	$1.5 \times 10^{-21} e \cdot cm$
(syst.)	$0.9 \times 10^{-19} e \cdot \mathrm{cm}$		$0.36 \times 10^{-21} \ e \cdot \mathrm{cm}$

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Abe et al., DOI: 10.1093/ptep/ptz030 (2019)



### **Systematics**

TABLE II. Values and uncertainties of the  $\mathcal{R}'_{\mu}$  correction terms in Eq. (4), and uncertainties due to the constants in Eq. (2) for  $a_{\mu}$ . Positive  $C_i$  increase  $a_{\mu}$  and positive  $B_i$  decrease  $a_{\mu}$ .

Quantity	Correction terms (ppb)	Uncertainty (ppb)	
$\overline{\omega_a^m}$ (statistical)		434	
$\omega_a^m$ (systematic)		56 ↔ < 36	: Plieup, (gain, CBO)
$C_e$	489	53 <b>→</b> 10	: residual E-fields (no Quads)
$C_p$	180	13 <b>→ 13</b>	: pitch correction
$C_{ml}$	-11	5 <b>→</b> 2	: differential decay & (muon losses)
$C_{pa}$	-158	75 <b>→</b> 0	: transverse muon distribution
$f_{\text{calib}}\langle \omega_p(x, y, \phi) \times M(x, y, \phi) \rangle$		56 ↦ 49	: probe positioning & calibration
$B_k$	-27	37 > < 10	· kicker transients
$B_q$	-17	92	Ricker transients
$\mu_{p}'(34.7^{\circ})/\mu_{e}$		10	
$m_{\mu}/m_e$		22	
$g_e/2$	•••	0	
Total systematic		157 ↦ <64	
Total fundamental factors	•••	25	
Totals	544	462	Abe et al DOI: 10 1093/nten/ntz $03^{\circ}$

Abe *et al.*, DOI: 10.1093/ptep/ptz030 (2019) Abi *et al.*, DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevLett.126.141801 (2021)



## **Schedule & Milestones**



-2023 8-11 0 Liverpool 0 **MPP2023** প্র Onderwater, N D On Gerco Σ



### **Conclusion - I**

#### Leptons excellent testing ground for flavour physics

- Rich palette of observables
- Ultra-precise predictions
- Extremely sensitive measurements

### Long standing ~3σ anomaly in muon g-2

Experimental and theoretical uncertainty @ sub-ppm level !! New experimental results expected from FNAL → **100 ppb ?!** Experiments consistent → **but (somewhat) correlated** Steady progress in theory improvement Tension in (hadronic) theory → complicates interpretation



# Conclusion - II New J-PARC g-2/EDM experiment

#### Alternative experimental method

<u>pencil beam</u> : cooled & re-accelerated positive muons <u>compact ring</u> : stable & homogeneous magnetic field <u>in-field spectrometer</u> : reliable & precise positron detection **Complementary systematic sensitivities** 

Many components of the experiments ready or being tested

**Expected data taking starting in 2028** 





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## **Comparison of Specs**

	BNL-E821	Fermilab-E989	Our experiment	PSI
Muon momentum	3.09 GeV/c		300 MeV/c	125 MeV/c
Lorentz $\gamma$	29.3		3	1.57
Polarization	100%		50%	90%
Storage field	B = 1.45  T		B = 3.0  T	B=3.0 T, E=2MV/m
Focusing field	Electric quadrupole		Very weak magnetic	weak magnetic
Cyclotron period	149 ns		7.4 ns	3.8 ns
Spin precession period	$4.37 \ \mu s$		$2.11 \ \mu s$	$\infty$
Number of detected $e^+$	$5.0 \times 10^{9}$	$1.6 \times 10^{11}$	$5.7 \times 10^{11}$	3.2 x 10 <sup>11</sup>
Number of detected $e^-$	$3.6 \times 10^{9}$	_	_	-
$a_{\mu}$ precision (stat.)	460 ppb	100 ppb	450 ppb	-
(syst.)	280 ppb	100 ppb	<70 ppb	-
EDM precision (stat.)	$0.2 \times 10^{-19} e \cdot cm$	_	$1.5 \times 10^{-21} e \cdot \mathrm{cm}$	1x10 <sup>-23</sup> e⋅cm
(syst.)	$0.9 \times 10^{-19} e \cdot \mathrm{cm}$	-	$0.36 \times 10^{-21} \ e \cdot \mathrm{cm}$	?

R = 280" (7112 mm)

R = 333 mm

R = 140 mm



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### **Future source upgrade**



### Intensity x 3.5 @ somewhat increased phase space

Zhang et al., DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nima.2022.167443 (2022)



## **Civil Engineering : MLM extension**

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