

Status of MUonE theory

F. Piccinini



INFN, Sezione di Pavia (Italy)

MPP2023: II Workshop on Muon Precision Physics 2023

Leverhulme Trust, The Spine, Liverpool, 7-10 November 2023

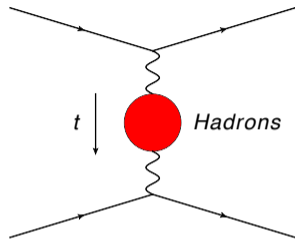


- ★ G. Abbiendi, C.M. Carloni Calame, U. Marconi, C. Matteuzzi, G. Montagna, O. Nicosini, M. Passera, F. Piccinini, R. Tenchini, L. Trentadue, G. Venanzoni,
Measuring the leading hadronic contribution to the muon $g-2$ via μe scattering
Eur. Phys. J. C **77** (2017) no.3, 139 - arXiv:1609.08987 [hep-ph]
- ★ C. M. Carloni Calame, M. Passera, L. Trentadue and G. Venanzoni,
A new approach to evaluate the leading hadronic corrections to the muon $g-2$
Phys. Lett. B **746** (2015) 325 - arXiv:1504.02228 [hep-ph]

$$a_{\mu}^{\text{HLO}} = \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \int_0^1 dx (1-x) \Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}[t(x)]$$

$$t(x) = \frac{x^2 m_{\mu}^2}{x-1} < 0$$

e.g. Lautrup, Peterman, De Rafael, Phys. Rept. 3 (1972) 193



↪ The hadronic VP correction to the running of α enters

- ★ $\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}(t)$ can be directly measured in a (single) experiment involving a space-like scattering process and a_{μ}^{HLO} obtained through numerical integration

Carlson Calame, Passera, Trentadue, Venanzoni PLB 746 (2015) 325

- ★ A data-driven evaluation of a_{μ}^{HLO} , but with **space-like data**

- By modifying the kernel function $\frac{\alpha}{\pi}(1-x)$, also a_{μ}^{HNLO} and a_{μ}^{HNNLO} can be provided

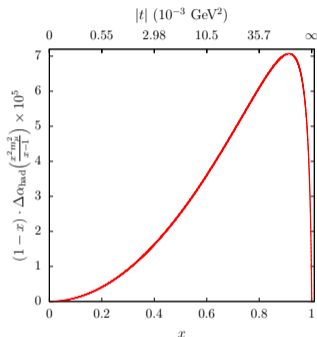
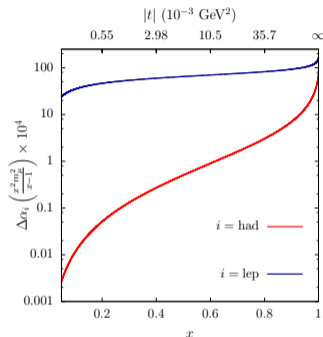
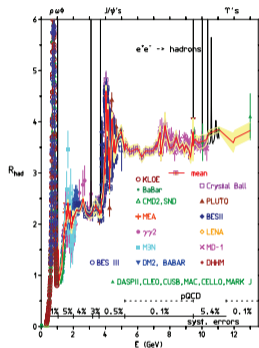
Balzani, Laporta, Passera, Phys.Lett.B834 (2022) 137462, Nesterenko, J.Phys.G 49 (2022) 055001

From time-like to space-like evaluation of a_μ^{HLO}

Time-like



Space-like



Smooth function

→ **Time-like:** combination of many experimental data sets, control of RCs better than $\mathcal{O}(1\%)$ on hadronic channels required

→ **Space-like:** in principle, one single experiment, *it's a one-loop effect, very high accuracy needed*

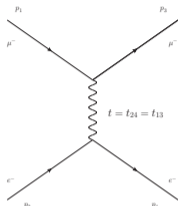
- ↪ Scattering μ 's on e 's in a low Z target looks like an ideal process (fixed target experiment)
- ↪ **It is a pure t -channel process at tree level**
- ↪ **The M2 muon beam ($E_\mu \simeq 160$ GeV) is available at CERN**
- ↪ $\sqrt{s} \simeq 0.42$ GeV and $-0.153 < t < 0$ GeV²
- ↪ With ~ 3 years of data taking, a statistical accuracy of $\sim 0.3\%$ on a_μ^{HLO} ($\sim 20 \cdot 10^{-11}$) can be achieved

Requirement: systematics on ratio of cross sections in the signal and normalization regions at 10 ppm level

Main sources of systematics on the theory side

- Radiative corrections
- Background processes

High precision Monte Carlo simulation tools required



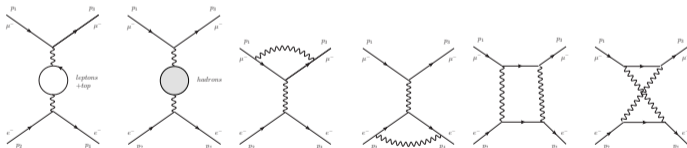
- analytical expression for tree level

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dt} = \frac{4\pi\alpha^2}{\lambda(s, m_\mu^2, m_e^2)} \left[\frac{(s - m_\mu^2 - m_e^2)^2}{t^2} + \frac{s}{t} + \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

- VP gauge invariant subset of NLO rad. corr.

- factorized over tree-level: $\alpha \rightarrow \alpha(t)$

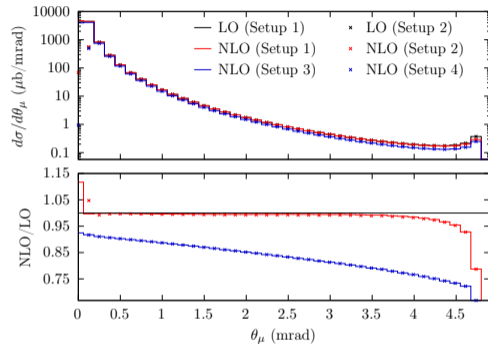
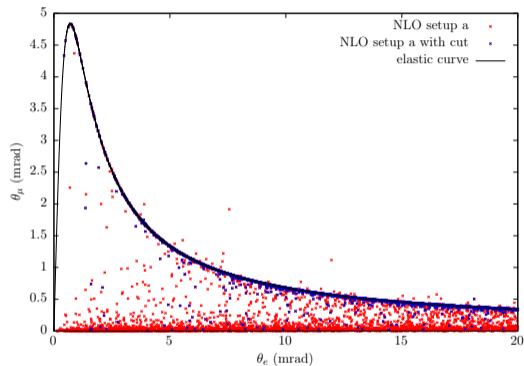
- QED NLO virtual diagrams and real emission diagrams with exact finite m_e and m_μ effects



- tree-level **Z-exchange important** at the 10^{-5} level ($\sim tG_\mu/4\pi\alpha\sqrt{2}$ in the Fermi theory)

- SM weak RCs at most at a few 10^{-6} level, negligible

First realistic description of scattering events



- many points fall out of the $2 \rightarrow 2$ correlation curve $\theta_\mu - \theta_e$ because of the radiative events
- NLO QED radiative corrections at the % level, enhanced by exclusive event selections

Second step, towards *photonic* radiative corrections at NNLO (2020)

- **exact calculation of corrections along one lepton line with all finite mass effects**

Carloni Calame et al., JHEP 11 (2020) 028,

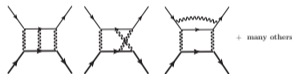
- two independent calculations, with different subtraction procedures

P. Banerjee, T. Engel, A. Signer, Y. Ulrich, SciPost Phys. 9 (2020) 027

- implemented in **Mesmer** and **McMu1e**, perfect numerical agreement

- **NNLO with finite mass effects and approximate up-down interference in Mesmer**

- interference of LO $\mu e \rightarrow \mu e$ amplitude with



↪ NNLO double-virtual amplitudes where at least 2 photons connect the e and μ lines are approximated according to the Yennie-Frautschi-Suura ('61) formalism to catch the infra-red divergent structure

- **complete calculation of the amplitude $f^+ f^- \rightarrow F^+ F^-$ with $m_f = 0, m_F \neq 0$**

R. Bonciani et al., PRL 128 (2022)

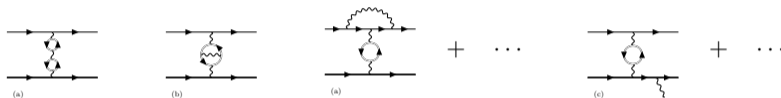
- **“massification” to recover the leading m_e terms**

T. Engel, C. Grendiger, A. Signer and Y. Ulrich, JHEP 02 (2019) 118

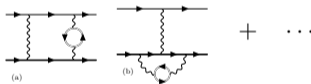
- **NNLO approximate calculation which includes leading $\log \propto \ln(m_e^2/Q^2)$ and m_e^0 terms in McMu1e**

A. Broggio et al., JHEP 01 (2023) 112

- any lepton (and hadron) in the VP blobs
- interfered with $\mu e \rightarrow \mu e$ or $\mu e \rightarrow \mu e \gamma$ amplitudes



- interfered with $\mu e \rightarrow \mu e$ amplitude



- 2-loop integral evaluated with **dispersion relation techniques** in **Mesmer**

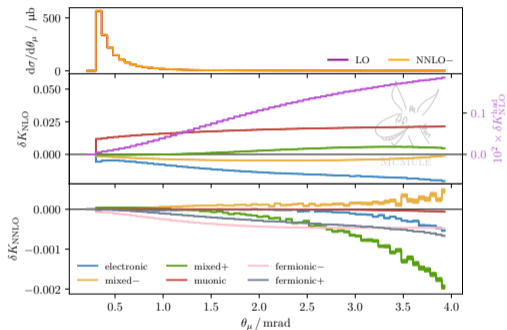
used e.g. in the past for Bhabha: Actis et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 100 (2008) 131602; Carloni Calame et al., JHEP 07 (2011) 126

$$\frac{g_{\mu\nu}}{q^2 + i\epsilon} \rightarrow g_{\mu\nu} \frac{\alpha}{3\pi} \int_{4m_\ell^2}^{\infty} \frac{dz}{z} \frac{R_\ell(z)}{q^2 - z + i\epsilon} = g_{\mu\nu} \frac{\alpha}{3\pi} \int_{4m_\ell^2}^{\infty} \frac{dz}{z} \frac{1}{q^2 - z + i\epsilon} \left(1 + \frac{4m_\ell^2}{2z} \right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{4m_\ell^2}{z}}$$

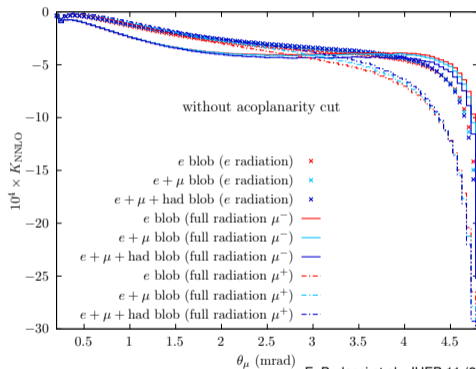
- 2-loop integral evaluated with **hyperspherical method** in **McMule**

M. Fael, JHEP02 (2019) 027

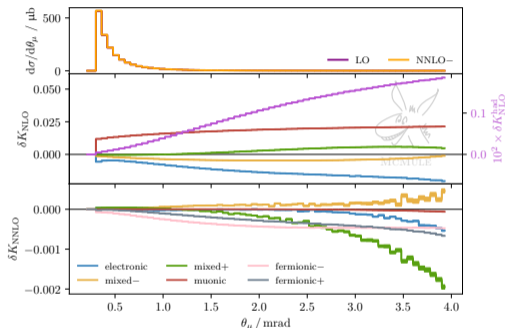
McMule



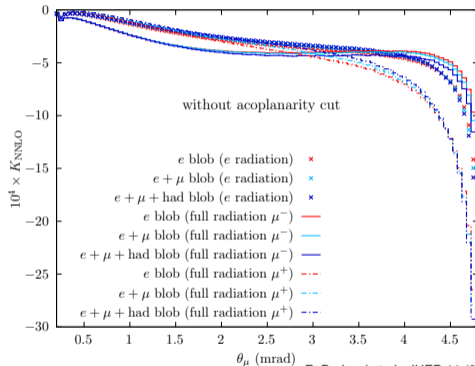
Mesmer



McMule



Mesmer

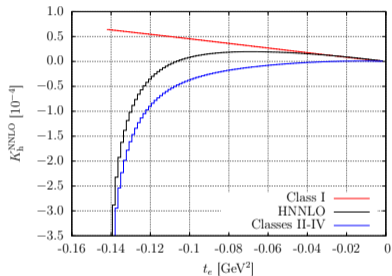
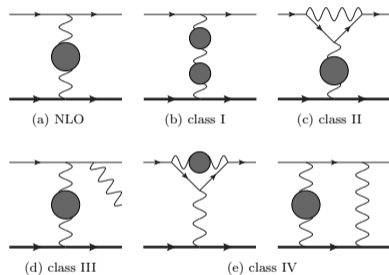


M. Rocco, IV MUonE General Meeting, 16-17/05/2023 A. Broggio et al., JHEP 01 (2023) 112

- **NNLO corrections at the $10^{-4} - 10^{-3}$ level**
- **fixed order calculations need to be matched to resummation of higher order corrections, through Parton Shower techniques (e.g. BaBayaga) or YFS techniques (e.g. KKMC/SHERPA)**

E. Budassi et al., JHEP 11 (2021) 098

- using the dispersion relation approach



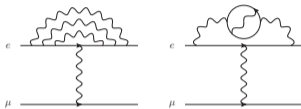
Fael, Passera, Phys. Rev. Lett. 122 (2019) 192001

- corrections of the order of 10^{-4}
- hyperspherical integration method to calculate hadronic NNLO corrections, where the hadronic vacuum polarization is employed in the space-like region (used in **McMule**)

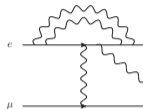
M. Fael, JHEP02 (2019) 027

Towards N³LO on the electron line

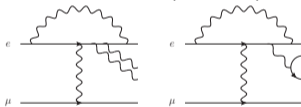
- All virtual (three loops)



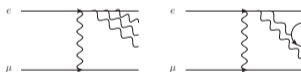
- Single real emission (two loops)



- Double real emission (one loops)



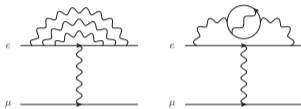
- Triple real



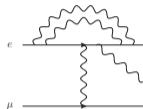
M. Fael, MUonE Collaboration Meeting, 16/05/2023, CERN

- **this contribution will allow improved perturbative predictions and more reliable theoretical uncertainty estimates**

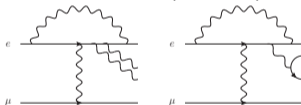
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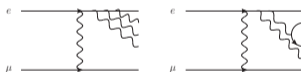
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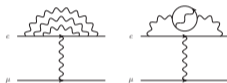
M. Fael, MUonE Collaboration Meeting, 16/05/2023, CERN

- **this contribution will allow improved perturbative predictions and more reliable theoretical uncertainty estimates**
- **the three-loop form factor with finite fermion mass is now available**

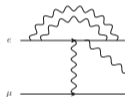
- KFS³ subtraction of IR divergences

Engel, Signer, Ulrich, JHEP 01 (2020) 085

- All virtual (three loops) ✓



- Single real emission (two loops)

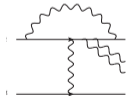


- $\gamma^* \rightarrow 3j$

Gehrmann, Remiddi,
Nucl.Phys.B 601 (2001) 248

- Difficult with
 $m_e \neq 0$

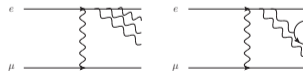
- Double real emission (one loops)



- OpenLoops
- NTS Stabilisation

Engel, Signer, Ulrich,
JHEP 04 (2022) 097

- Triple real

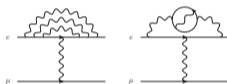


M. Fael, MUonE Collaboration Meeting, 16/05/2023, CERN

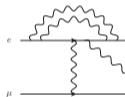
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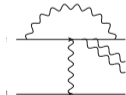


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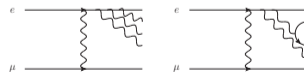
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Engel, Signer, Ulrich,
JHEP 04 (2022) 097

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M. Fael, MUonE Collaboration Meeting, 16/05/2023, CERN

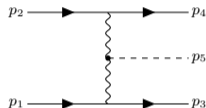
- very recent calculation of NNLO QED heicity amplitudes for $0 \rightarrow \ell\bar{\ell}\gamma\gamma^*$ with $m_\ell = 0$

S. Badger, J. Kryś, R. Moodie, S. Zoia, arXiv:2307.03098

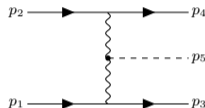
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Backgrounds

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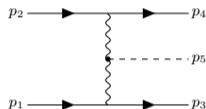


- π^0 **production** calculated and shown to be **well below 10^{-5}** w.r.t. $\mu e \rightarrow \mu e$

E. Budassi et al., PLB 829 (2022) 137138

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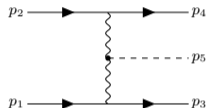
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E. Budassi et al., PLB 829 (2022) 137138

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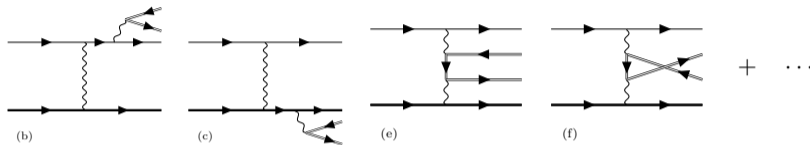


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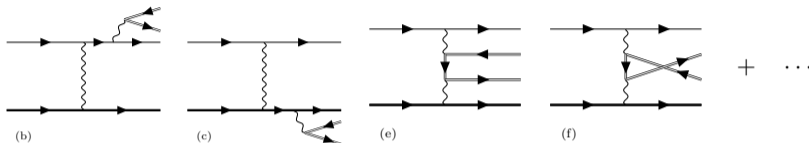
E. Budassi et al., PLB 829 (2022) 137138

- **lepton pair production**
 - $\mu^\pm e^- \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
 - $\mu^\pm N \rightarrow \mu^\pm N \ell^+ \ell^-$

- it also contributes at NNLO accuracy



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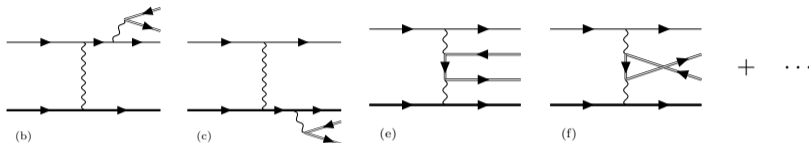


- the emission of an extra electron pair $\mu e \rightarrow \mu e e^+ e^-$ is potentially a dramatically large background, **because of the presence of “peripheral” diagrams** which develop powers of collinear logarithms upon integration

G. Racah, Il Nuovo Cimento 14 (1937) 83-113; L.D. Landau, E.M. Lifschitz, Phys. Z. Sowjetunion 6 (1934) 244; H.J. Bhabha, Proc. Roy. Soc. Lond. A152 (1935) 559; R.N. Lee,

A.A. Lyubiyakin, V.A. Smirnov, arXiv:2309.02904[hep-ph]

- it also contributes at NNLO accuracy



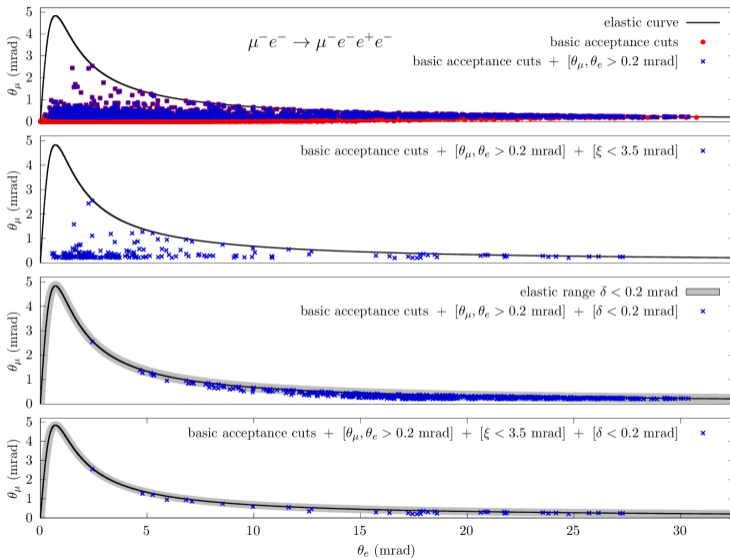
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A.A. Lyubiyakin, V.A. Smirnov, arXiv:2309.02904[hep-ph]

- $\mu^\pm e^- \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^- \ell^+ \ell^-$ **calculated with finite mass effects and implemented in Mesmer**

simulation of $5 \cdot 10^5$ points of $\mu^\pm e^- \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^- \ell^+ \ell^-$



- **it can mimic the signal if one particle is not reconstructed or two tracks overlap within resolution**
- **cross section scaling $\sim Z^2$**

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A.G. Bogdanov et al., IEEE transactions on nuclear science, 53, n. 2, April 2006

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A.G. Bogdanov et al., IEEE transactions on nuclear science, 53, n. 2, April 2006

⇒ **we need a dedicated calculation and Monte Carlo generator**

- **approximation: scattering on the external nucleus field**

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- **finite extension of the nucleus through a form factor**

$$F_Z(q) = \frac{1}{Ze} \int_0^\infty dr r^2 \rho_Z(r) \frac{\sin(qr)}{qr}$$

- q : momentum transferred to the nucleus
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- ρ_Z : nuclear charged density
- **different models for charge density**

J. Heeck, R. Szafron, Y. Uesaka, PRD 105 (2022) 053006

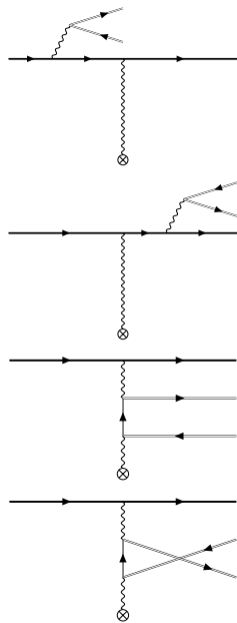
- $F_Z(q) = 1$ (conservative)
- 1 parameter Fermi model (1pF)

$$\rho_Z(r) = \frac{\rho_0}{1 + \exp \frac{r-c}{z}}$$

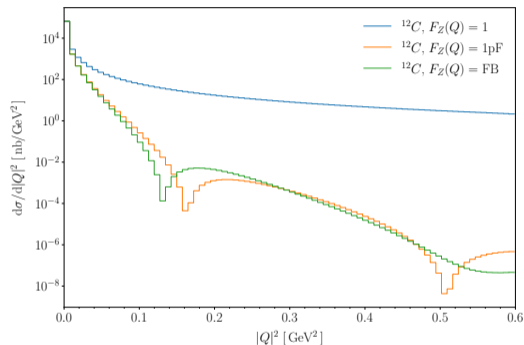
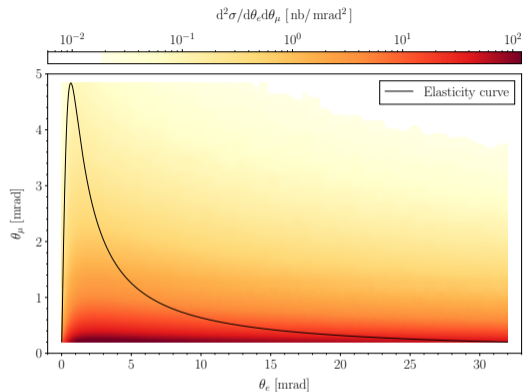
- Fourier Bessel expansion (FB)

$$\begin{aligned} \rho_Z(r) &= \sum_k^n a_k j_0 \left(\frac{k\pi r}{R} \right), & r \leq R \\ &= 0 & > R \end{aligned}$$

- **modified-harmonic oscillator model**

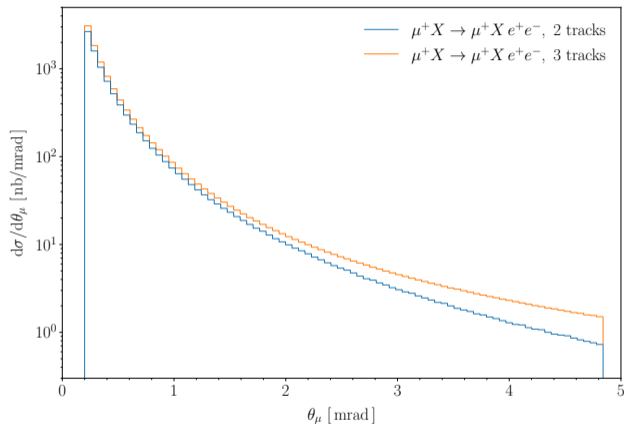


Preliminary results with Mesmer



- For $|Q| \gtrsim 300$ MeV the form factor effectively cuts away the cross section
- For $|Q| \leq 300$ MeV
 - two different form factors give results which differ by less than 1%
 - including the form factor w.r.t FF=1 gives a 10% difference

- $0.2 \text{ mrad} < \vartheta_\mu < 4.84 \text{ mrad}$,
 $E_\mu \gtrsim 10.23 \text{ GeV}$; $\vartheta_e < 32 \text{ mrad}$,
 $E_e > 0.2 \text{ GeV}$;
- $|Q|^2 < 0.6 \text{ GeV}^2$



- events with three tracks could be an handle to check the independence of two tracks background from the nuclear form factor

Possible New Physics contamination in the $\Delta\alpha(t)$ measurement?

A. Masiero, P. Paradisi and M. Passera, Phys. Rev. D102 (2020) 075013

P.S.B. Dev, W. Rodejohann, X.-J. Xu and Y. Zhang, JHEP 05 (2020) 053

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A. Masiero, P. Paradisi and M. Passera, Phys. Rev. D102 (2020) 075013

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HVP determination with MUonE data will be robust against New Physics

- interesting proposals for NP searches at MUonE (new light mediators) in $2 \rightarrow 3$ processes

- invisibly decaying light Z' in $\mu e \rightarrow \mu e Z'$

Asai et al., Phys. Rev. D106 (2022) 5

- a relevant background can be $\mu e \rightarrow \mu e \pi^0$, in addition to $\mu e \rightarrow \mu e \gamma$

- long-lived mediators with displaced vertex signatures $\mu e \rightarrow \mu e A' \rightarrow \mu e e^+ e^-$

Galon et al., Phys.Rev.D 107 (2023) 095003

- through scattering off the target nuclei $\mu N \rightarrow \mu N X \rightarrow \mu N e^+ e^-$

Grilli di Cortona and E. Nardi, Phys. Rev. D105 (2022) L111701

- **Given its precision requirements, MUonE represents a challenge for**
 - QED corrections
 - background calculation

- **at present we have two independent Monte Carlo tools, Mesmer and McMuLe featuring**
 - NLO QED corrections
 - NNLO QED corrections from single lepton legs
 - YFS inspired approximation to the full NNLO QED in **Mesmer**
 - full NNLO QED with electron “massification” in **McMuLe**
 - pair production in **Mesmer**
 - $\mu^\pm e^- \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
 - $\mu^\pm N \rightarrow \mu^\pm N \ell^+ \ell^-$

- **efforts for N³LO started**

- **work in progress for matching with higher order QED corrections**

- **MUonE theory workshops**
 - Theory Kickoff Workshop, Padova, 4-5 September 2017
 - MITP Workshop, Mainz 19-23 February 2018
 - 2nd Workstop/ThinkStart, Zürich, 4-7 February 2019
 - N³LO kick-off workstop/thinkstart IPPP Durham, 3-5 August 2022
 - MITP Workshop, Mainz 14-18 November 2022
- **Four General MUonE Collaboration Meetings**

A collection of references on calculation developments

- ↪ Carloni Calame et al., PLB 746 (2015), 325
- ↪ Abbiendi et al., Eur. Phys. J. C77 (2017), 139
- ↪ Mastrolia et al., JHEP 11 (2017) 198
- ↪ Di Vita et al., JHEP 09 (2018) 016
- ↪ Alacevich et al., JHEP 02 (2019) 155
- ↪ Fael and Passera, PRL 122 (2019) 19, 192001
- ↪ Fael, JHEP 02 (2019) 027
- ↪ Carloni Calame et al., JHEP 11 (2020) 028
- ↪ Banerjee et al., SciPost Phys. 9 (2020), 027
- ↪ Banerjee et al., EPJC 80 (2020) 6, 591
- ↪ Budassi et al., JHEP 11 (2021) 098
- ↪ Balzani et al., Phys.Lett.B834 (2022) 137462
- ↪ Bonciani et al., PRL 128 (2022) 2, 022002
- ↪ Budassi et al., PLB 829 (2022) 137138

- ↪ Broggio et al., JHEP 01 (2023) 112
- ↪ Fael et al., PRD 107 (2023) 094017
- ↪ Badger et al., arXiv:2307.0398
- ↪ Ahmed et al., arXiv:2308.05028
- ↪ Ignatov et al., arXiv:2309.14205

⇒ Independent numerical codes (Monte Carlo generators and/or integrators) are developed and cross-checked to validate high-precision calculations. Chiefly

✓ **Mesmer** in Pavia

github.com/cm-cc/mesmer

✓ **McMule** at PSI/IPPP

gitlab.com/mule-tools/mcmule

⇒ An international MUonE collaboration is growing

THANK YOU!