

RadioMonteCarLow 2

$ee \rightarrow \pi\pi\gamma$ **the Bern/PSI/McMule perspective**

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this is not my own work

- the methods are from [Colangelo, Hoferichter, Monnard, Ruiz de Elvira 22]
- this is a FsQED calculation (not $F \times s$ QED)
- we re-calculated this & implemented in McMule (see also Sophie's talk)
- I am not an expert on pions.
- this was suggested as a sensible first step, not the be all, end all

- we calculate the pion pole $\mathcal{A} =$



- we include form factors $F_\pi(k^2)$ but the pion remains a pion

- basic idea: dispersive treatment
$$\frac{F_\pi(k^2)}{k^2} = \frac{1}{k^2} - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{4m_\pi^2}^{\infty} ds' \frac{\Im F_\pi(s')}{s'(k^2 - s)}$$

- then do the loop integral with a massive particle ('disperon')
- be careful at $s' = s$ (threshold singularity)
- numerically integrate over s'

$$\mathcal{A}^{(pd)} \supset \int_{4m_\pi^2}^{\infty} ds' \left[\text{diagram} \right] \sim \int_{4m_\pi^2}^{\infty} ds' \frac{\Im F_\pi(s')}{s'} \left(\frac{s}{s' - s} \right)^{1+2\epsilon}$$

different options to calculate the principal value

- counter-term for the amplitude [McMule]

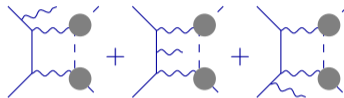
$$\int_{4m_\pi^2}^{\infty} ds' \left(\left[\text{diagram} \right] - \frac{1}{s'} \left(\frac{s}{s' - s} \right)^{1+2\epsilon} f(s, t) \right) + \int_{4m_\pi^2}^{\infty} ds' \frac{1}{s'} \left(\frac{s}{s' - s} \right)^{1+2\epsilon} f(s, t)$$

- subtract $\Im F_\pi(s)$ [Colangelo et al. 22] (m_γ), [Cottini, Holz] (DIMREG), [Budassi et al.] (both)

$$\int_{4m_\pi^2}^{\infty} ds' \frac{\Im F_\pi(s') - \Im F_\pi(s)}{s'} \left[\text{diagram} \right] + \int_{4m_\pi^2}^{\infty} ds' \frac{\Im F_\pi(s)}{s'} \left[\text{diagram} \right]$$

all three methods agree after numerical integration!

- let's begin with the $q_e^3 q_\pi^2$ term $\mathcal{A} \supset$



- this should be fairly doable using eg. LHC tech
(amplitude from OpenLoops, threshold subtraction using S(C)ET, high-energy expansion using EFT)
- not necessarily the most important bit (C -odd) but a good first step
- conceptually well-defined

- similar tech could be used for $q_e^2 q_\pi^3$
- unclear (at least to me) if that's sufficiently well defined to be helpful
- unclear (at least to me) what a two-loop version of $ee \rightarrow \pi\pi$ would look like ($ee \rightarrow \pi\pi\gamma$ seems very distant from where I stand)
- unclear (at least to me) if FsQED is a good approximation here
- comparing FsQED and F \times sQED would still be interesting
- for $ee \rightarrow \pi\pi$, take Compton tensor of [Hoferichter, Stoffer 19] (dispersive description of two-pion rescattering)
- we need a full hadronic description of this