



Science & Technology
Facilities Council

$h \rightarrow Za \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma\gamma$

Christmas Meeting

Adam Ruby

Supervisors: Nikolaos Rompotis, Sergey Burdin

LIV.

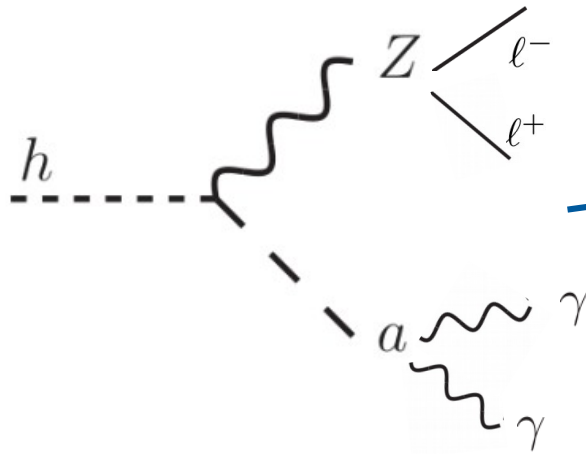
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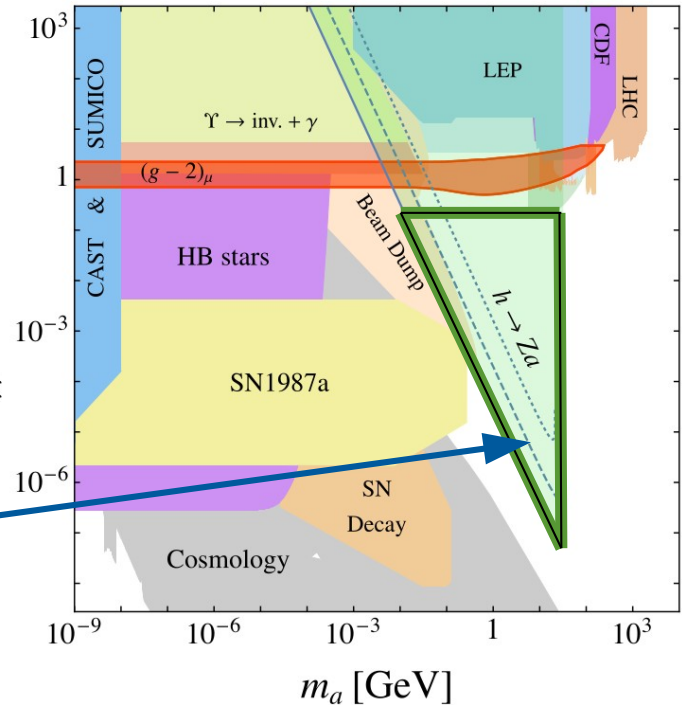
Theoretical background & Motivation

- Standard Model could break CP symmetry in strong interactions.
- Could be explained by replacing the CP-violating parameter with a dynamical field, giving rise to a new particle, the axion or Axion-like particles (ALPs).
- ALPs could couple to the Higgs boson.



$a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ Coupling

$|C_{\gamma\gamma}^{\text{eff}}|/\Lambda [\text{TeV}^{-1}]$



arXiv:1708.00443

Mass of a particle

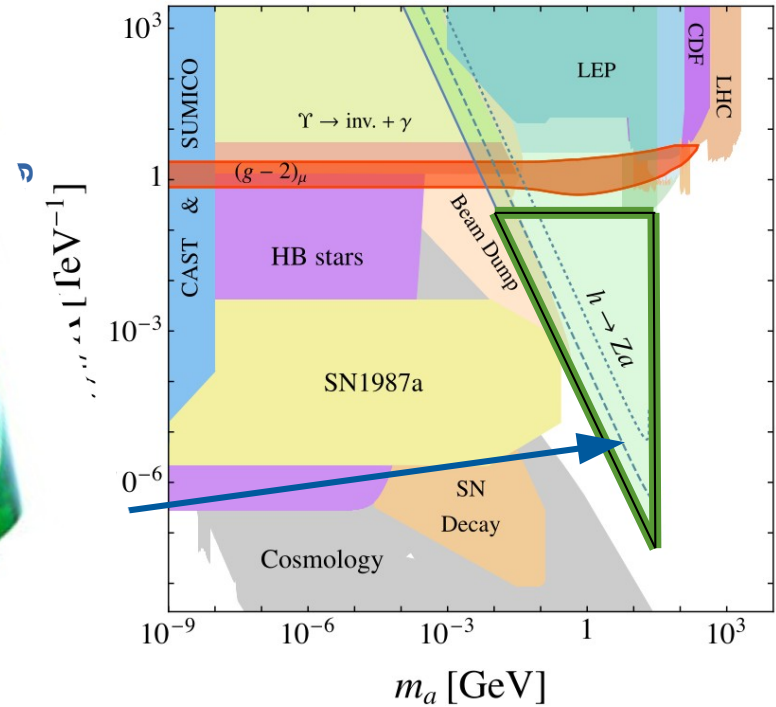
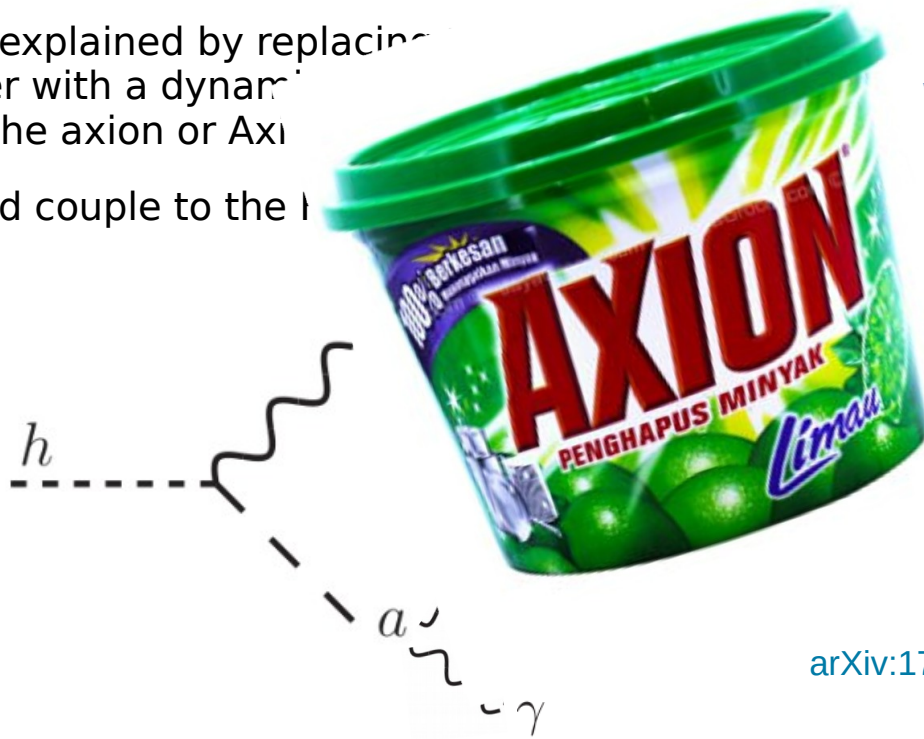


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Theoretical background & Motivation

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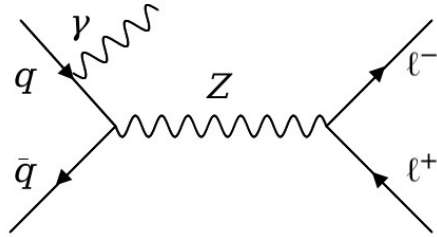
Mass of a particle



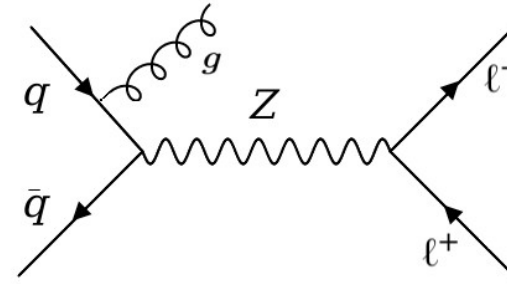
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Backgrounds



$Z\gamma$



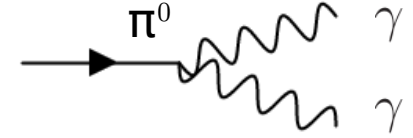
$Z+\text{jets}$



- Main backgrounds are $Z\gamma$ & $Z+\text{jets}$
- Signal photons could be reconstructed as 1 photon.

π^0 decay

For small m_a , ALP decays will have similar signature to π^0 decay.



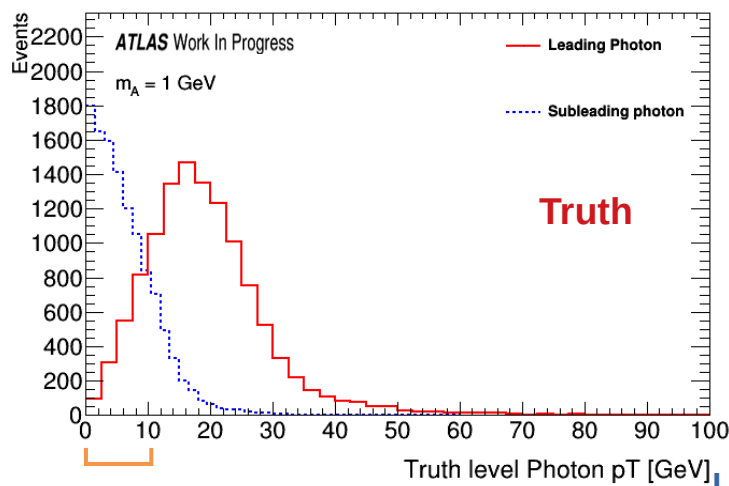
Signal Photon Properties

- Photons have different pT values.
- A minimum pT cut of 10 GeV cuts out a lot of signal.
- \approx half of events contain 1 signal photon, only 30% have 2 photons.

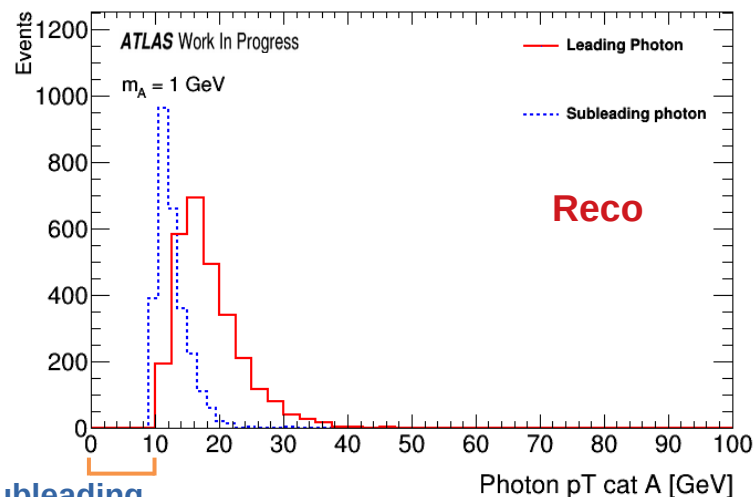
nPhotons ≥ 2 pT >10 GeV [%]	nPhotons = 1 pT >10 GeV [%]	nPhoton = 0 [%]
29	52	19

Average fraction over all samples

Forced to categorise selection based on number of reconstructed photons.



Leading & Subleading
photon pT

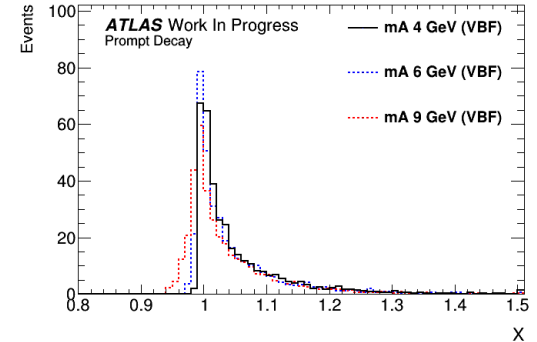
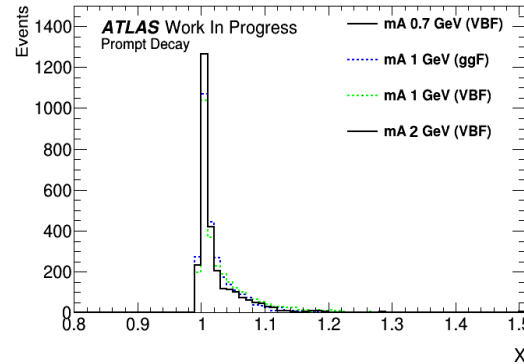


Category Definitions

$$X = \Delta R_{\gamma\gamma} \frac{pT_{\gamma\gamma}}{m_{\gamma\gamma}}$$

From kinematics we can create variable X.

A common property of each signal sample



X variable for each signal sample

Categorisation

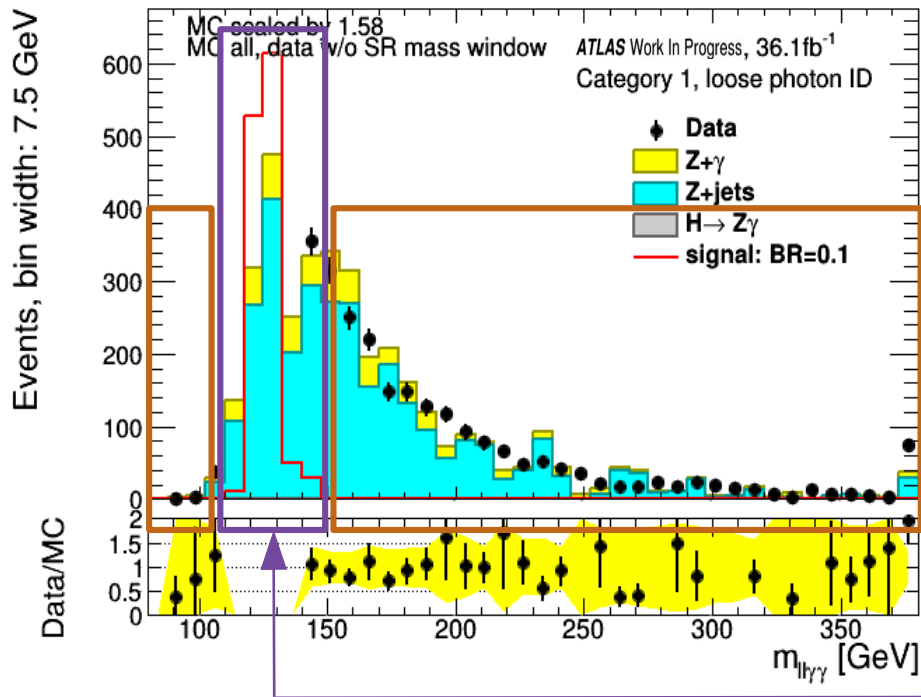
Category 1: Events for which the highest pT di-photon pair has $0.98 < X < 1.2$.

Photon pT cut of 10 GeV

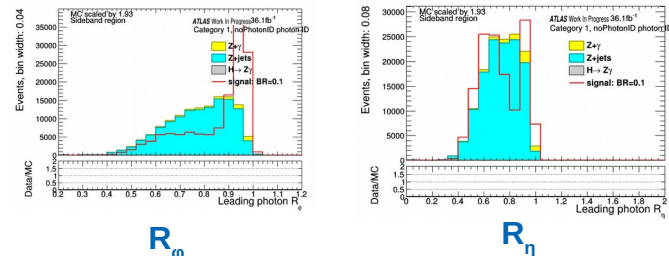
Category 2: The event fails Category 1; it includes a photon with $pT > 20$ GeV.

Categorisation and Next steps

- Combined categorisation $\approx 20\text{-}33\%$ with respect to initially selected events.
- Next steps: Select on Photon ID variables to remove background



Example Photon ID variables



Overall Plan

- Select on $m_{ll\gamma\gamma}$ mass region 105-140 GeV
- Fit on $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ background

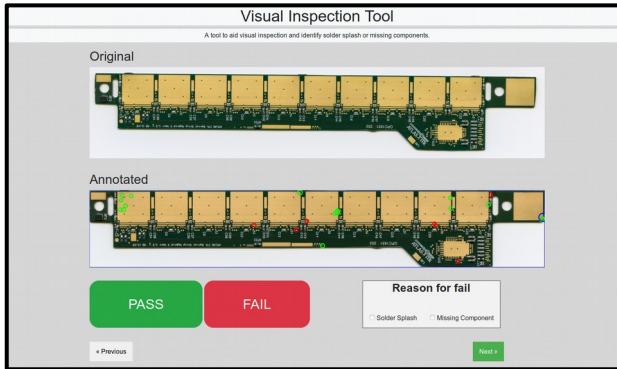
$m_{ll\gamma\gamma}$ Sidebands

Signal region



Things to come in 2020!

- Started ATLAS Qualification Task; Tool to help Visual Inspection of strip modules for ITK.
- Will go on LTA from March, at CERN!
- Preliminary results with conf-note for summer conferences

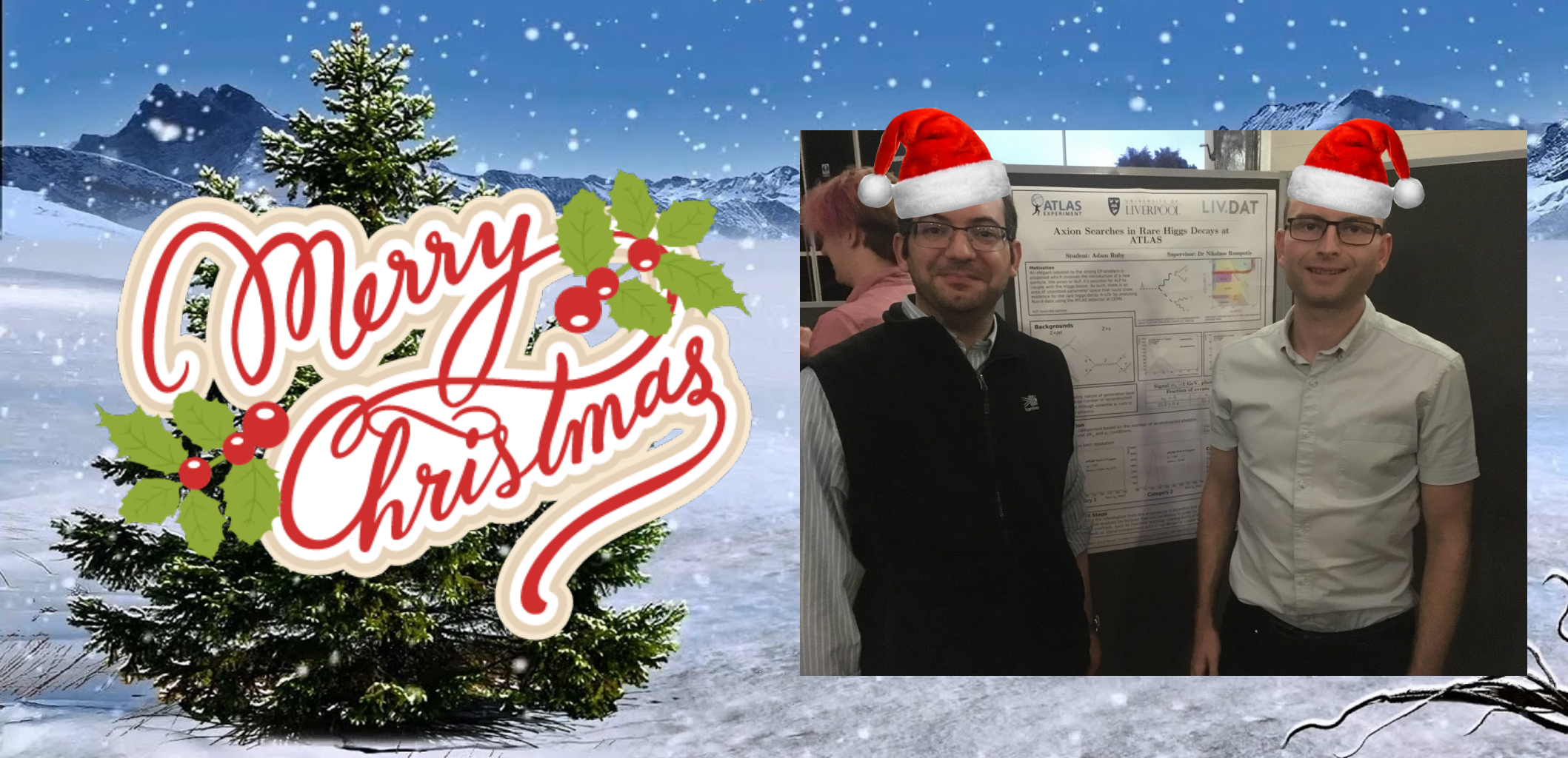


Qualification Task



CERN

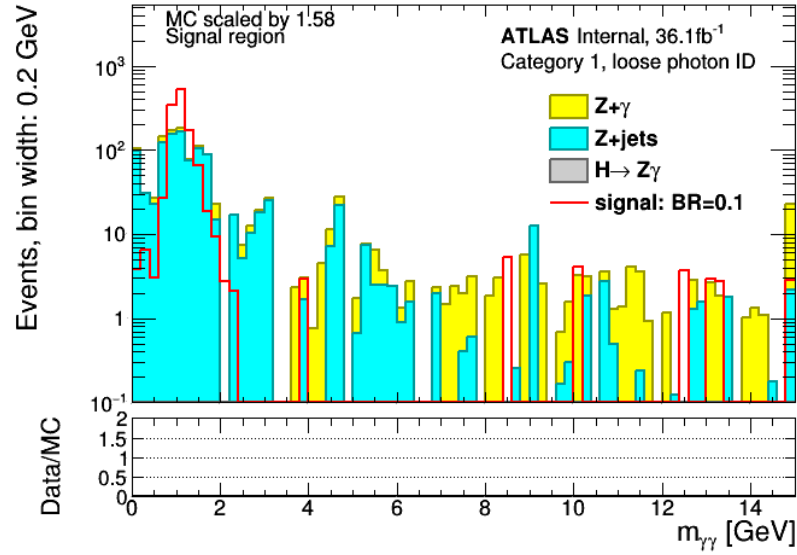




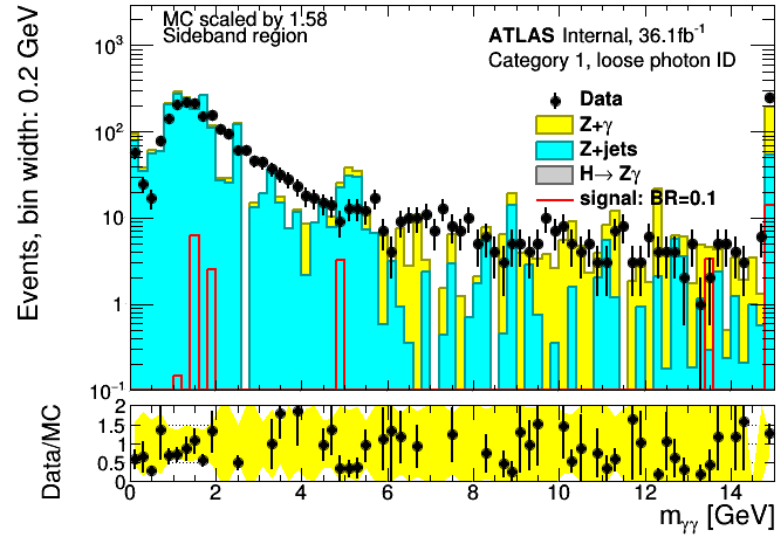
Back-up



Categorisation and Next steps



Signal region



$m_{ll\gamma\gamma}$ Sidebands

