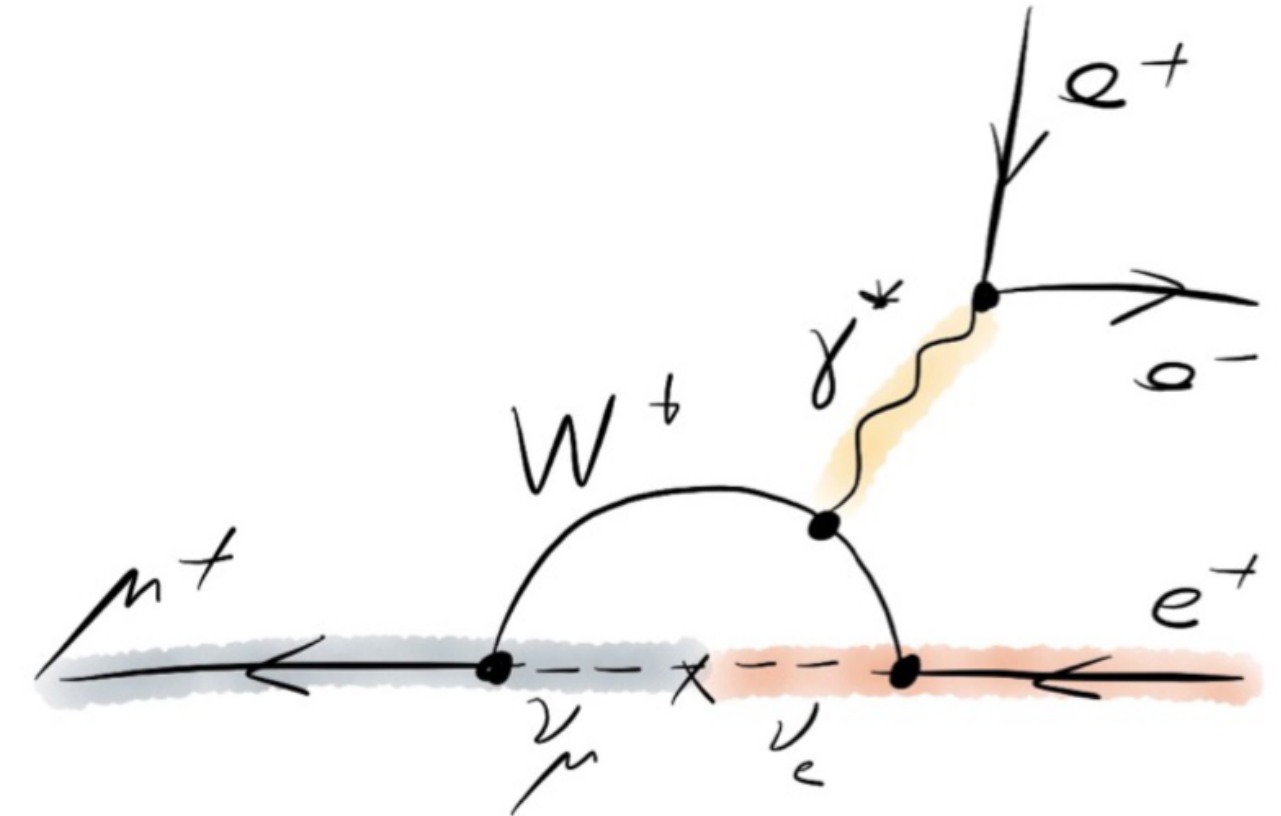


CLFV in Mu3e experiment

Quick status description and time frame

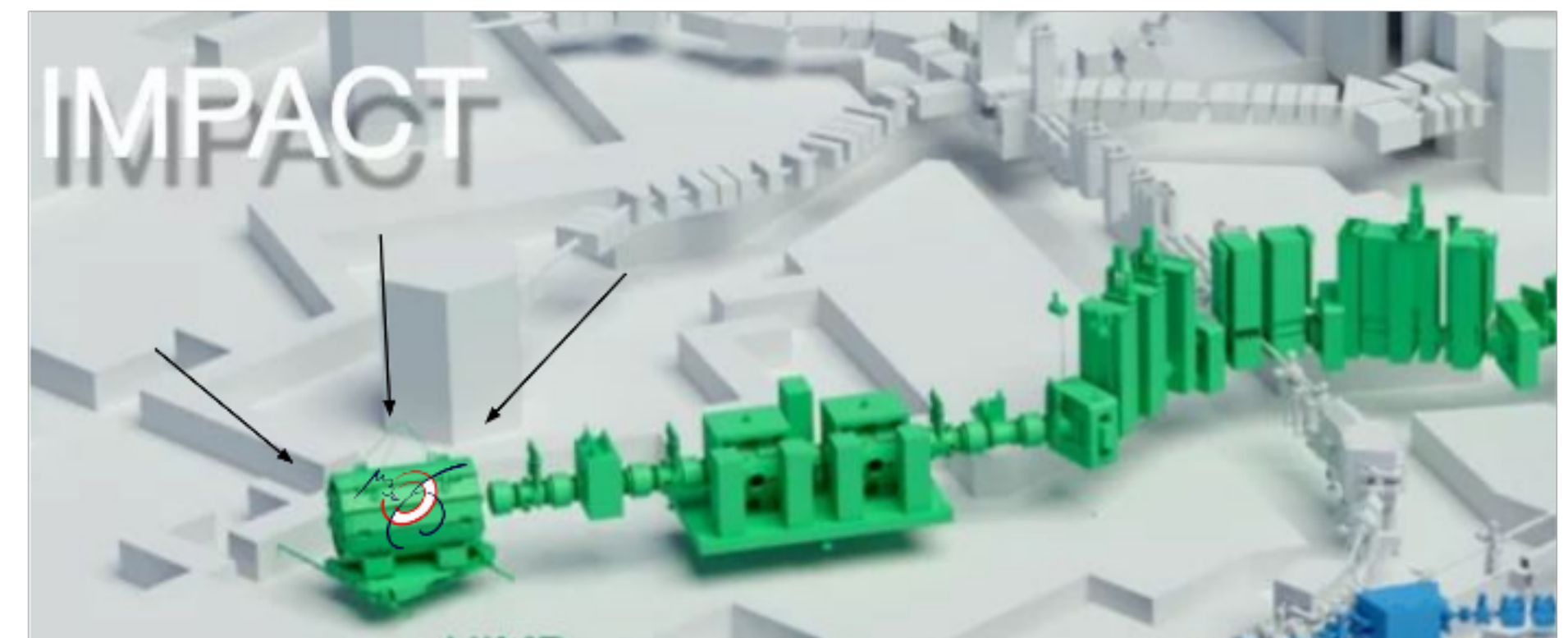
The Muon search for charge LFV

- **Lepton flavour violation** (LFV) experimentally observed in the neutral leptons sector (neutrino oscillations)
- Physics beyond the Standard Model (SM) predict charge LFV. Any observation: **New Physics!**
- Heavily suppressed in the SM + neutrino mixing: $O(10^{-54})$
- **Muons** are an excellent probe of cLFV
 - **Sensitive:** New physics effects scale with the squared lepton mass m_l^2
 - **Clean:** Relatively long lifetime and simple, well-understood decay channels, allowing for precise and background-free measurements
 - The strongest limit so far SINDRUM II (PSI 1988) $\text{BR}(\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+e^+e^-) < 1.0 \times 10^{-12}$
Nuclear Physics B 299 (1988) 1
- The **Mu3e experiment** looks for muons decaying into three electrons $\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+e^+e^-$



The Mu3e experiment

- The Mu3e Experiment is located at Paul Scherrer Institute in Switzerland
 - **Most intense** muon beam with low momentum muons 28MeV
- Up to **10^8** Muons/s Muon production at HIPA
 - 590 MeV proton accelerator
 - Carbon target, produce pions, decay to surface muons
- Goal: Improvement of the current limit by **4 orders** of magnitude in two phases
 - **Phase 1** aims for a sensitivity of $<2.0 \cdot 10^{-15}$
(Start in 2026) First commissioning run in 2025
Currently under construction at PSI
 - **Phase 2** aims for a sensitivity of $<1 \cdot 10^{-16}$
(from 2030) High intensity muon beamline **HIMB** (up to 10^{10} Muons/s) R&D started



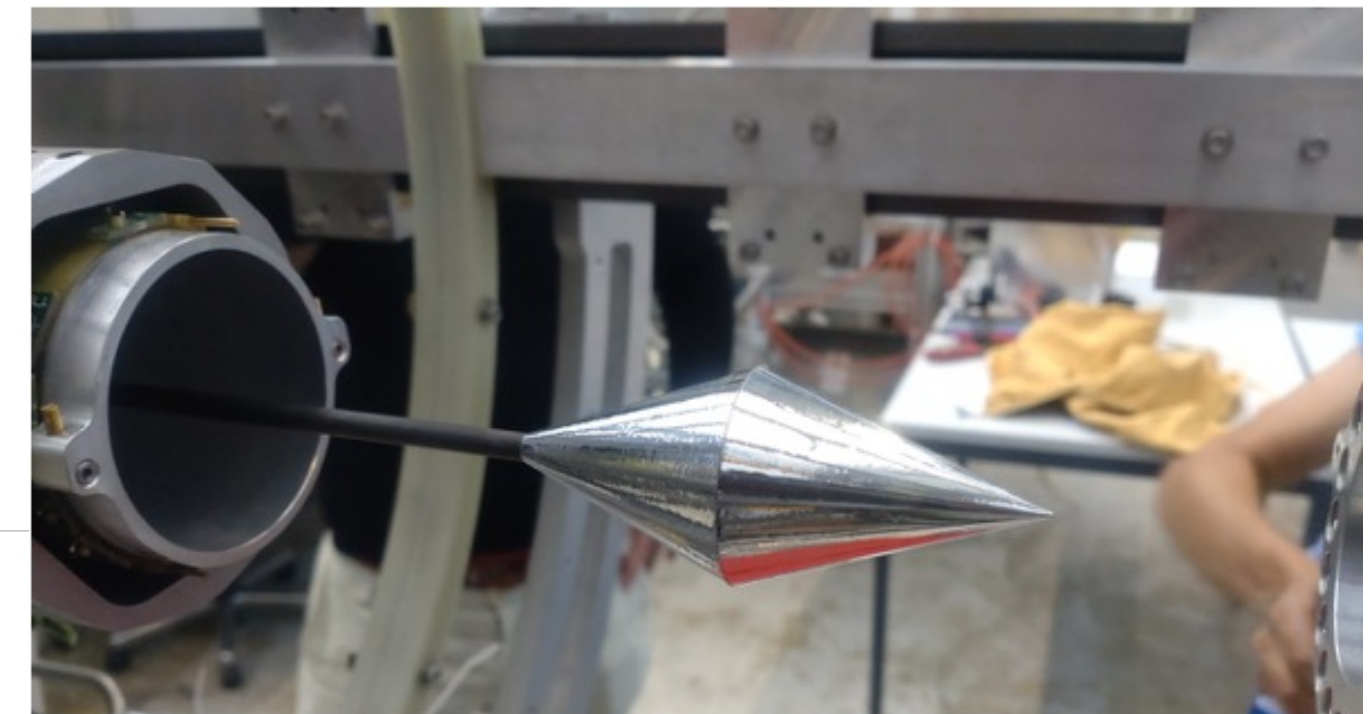
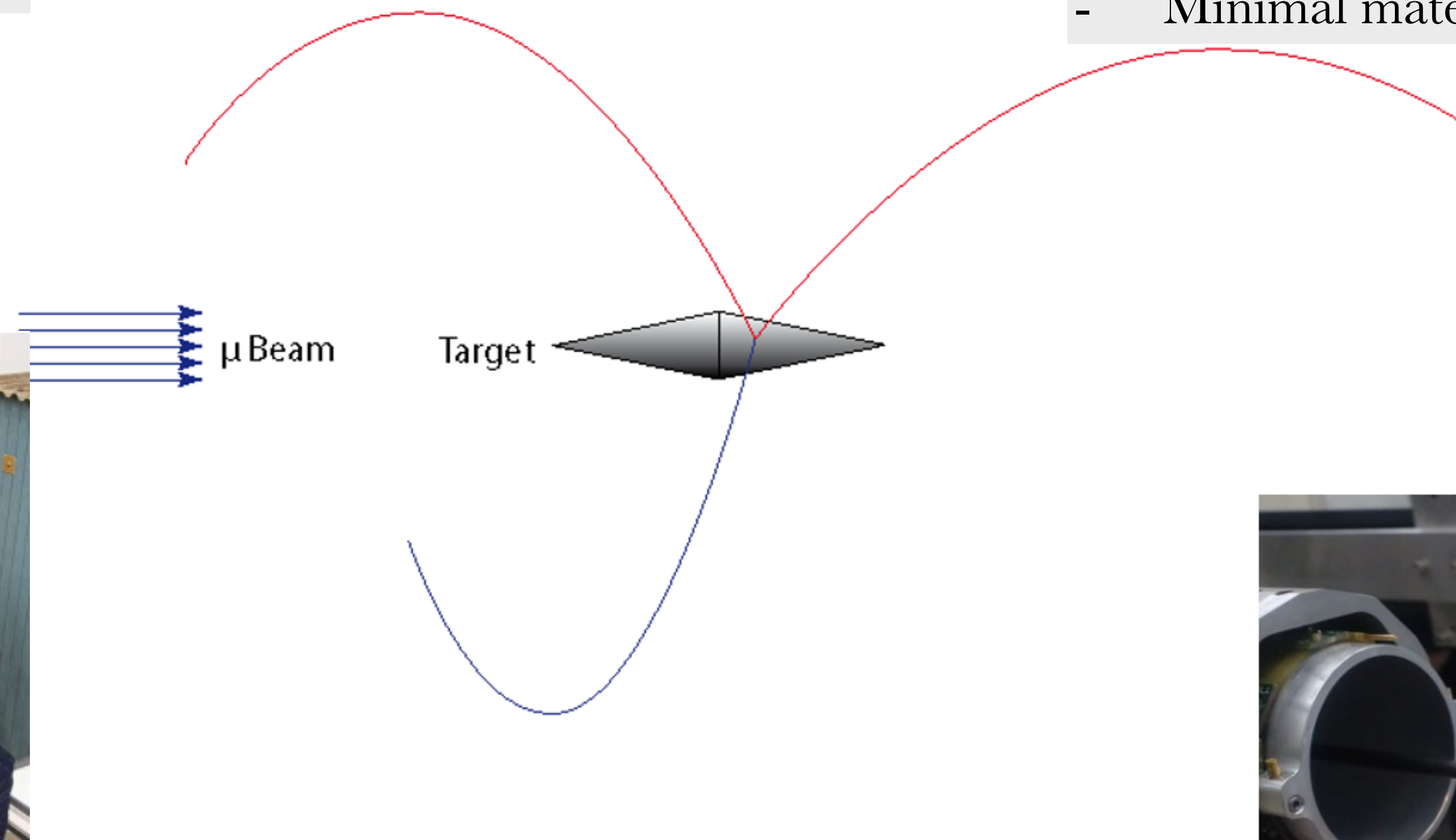
Mu3e experiment

Mu3e magnet

Superconducting solenoid
=> Uniform 1T field
For precise momentum reconstruction

Target

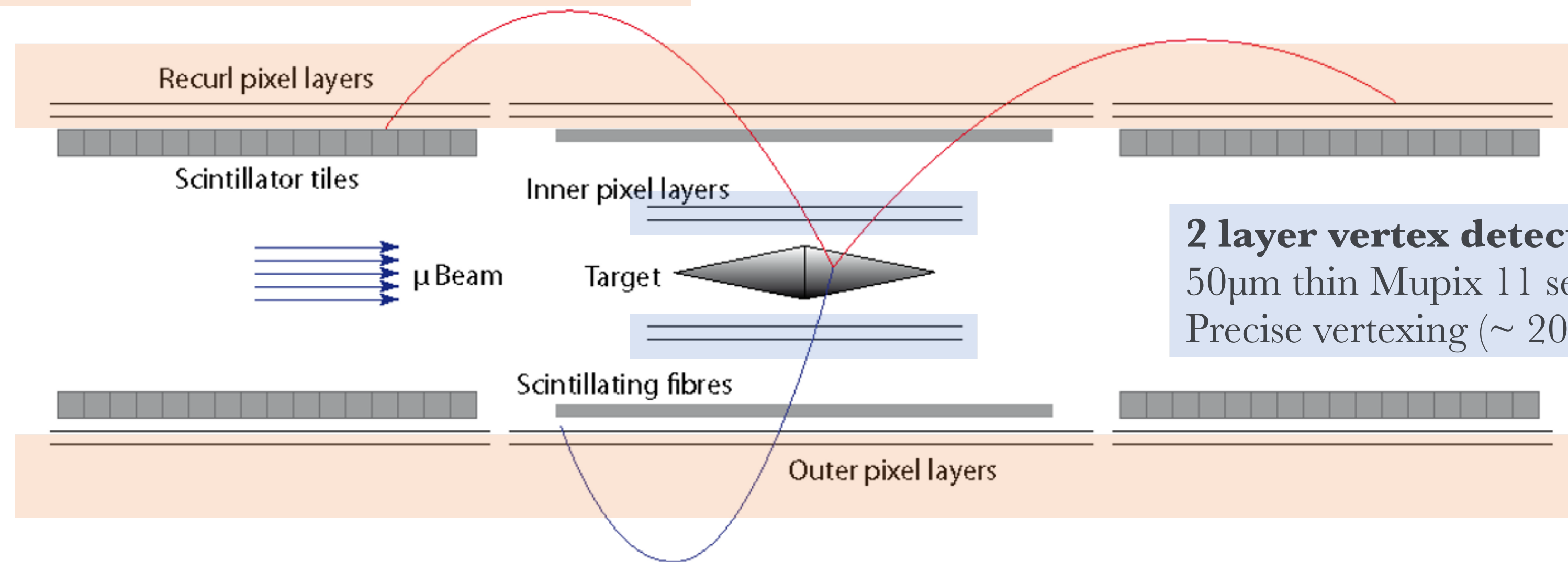
- Muons are stopped on aluminised mylar double hollow cone
- Maximum stopping fraction 95.5%
- Minimal material budget ($\sim 0.15\%$)



Mu3e experiment

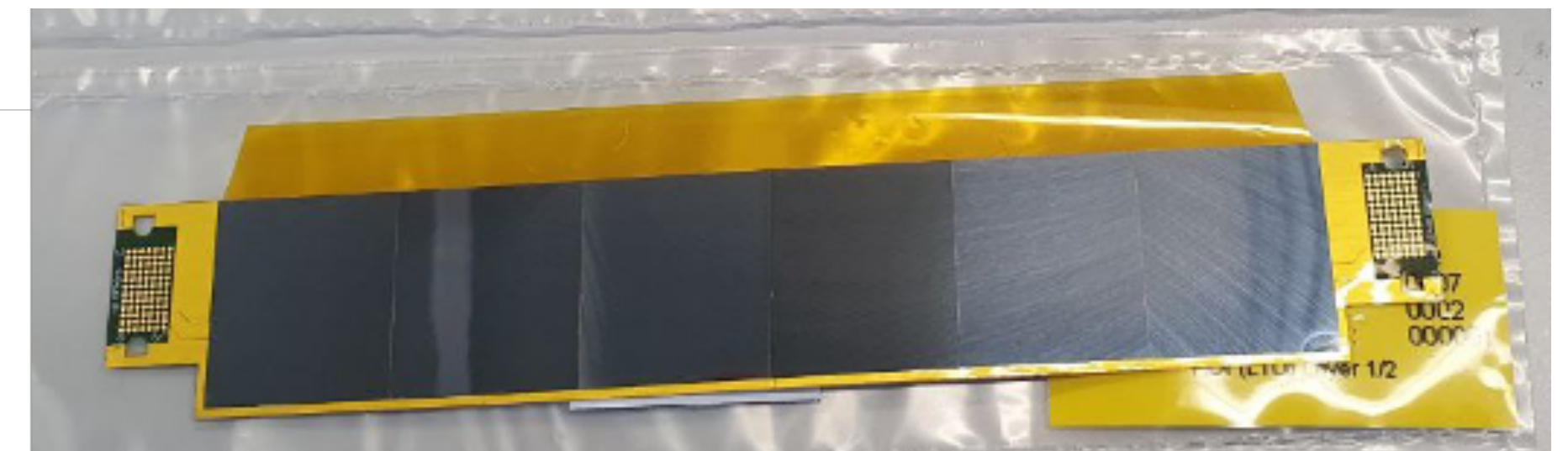
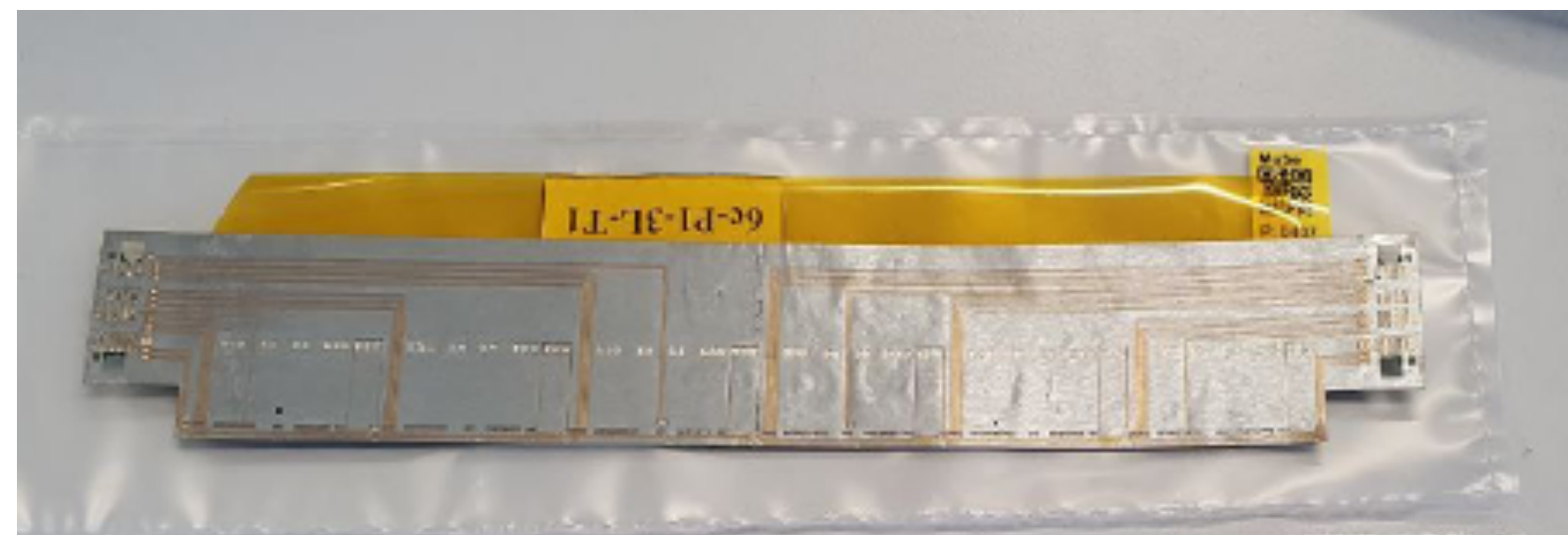
2 outer pixel layers

70 μ m thin Mupix 11 sensors / Up to 18 sensors per ladder
For good momentum resolution and high p acceptance
 \Rightarrow reconstruction of recurling tracks

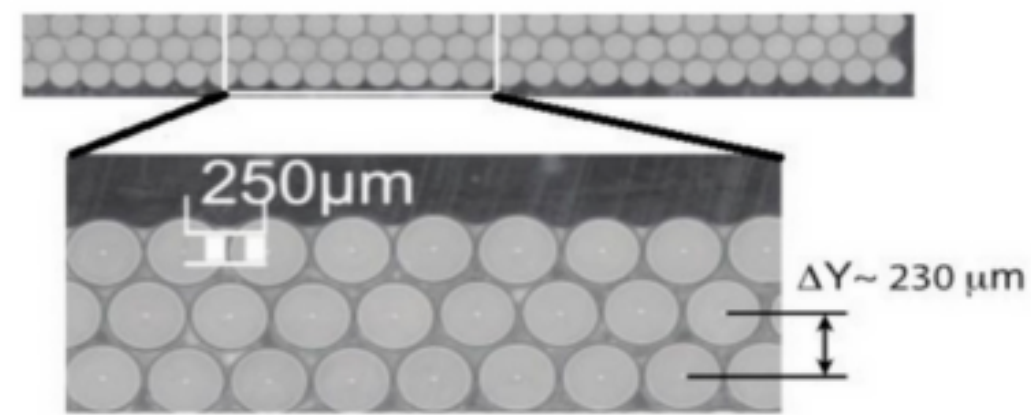


2 layer vertex detector

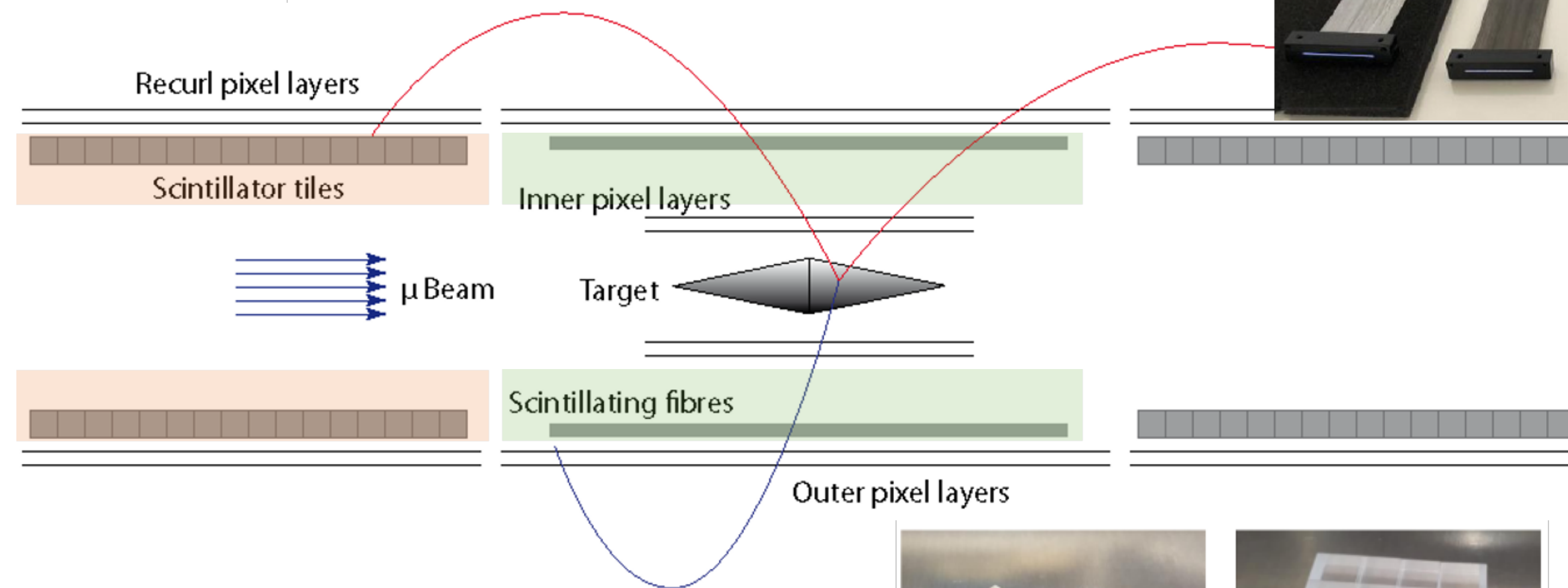
50 μ m thin Mupix 11 sensors / 6 chips per ladder
Precise vertexing ($\sim 200\mu$ m)



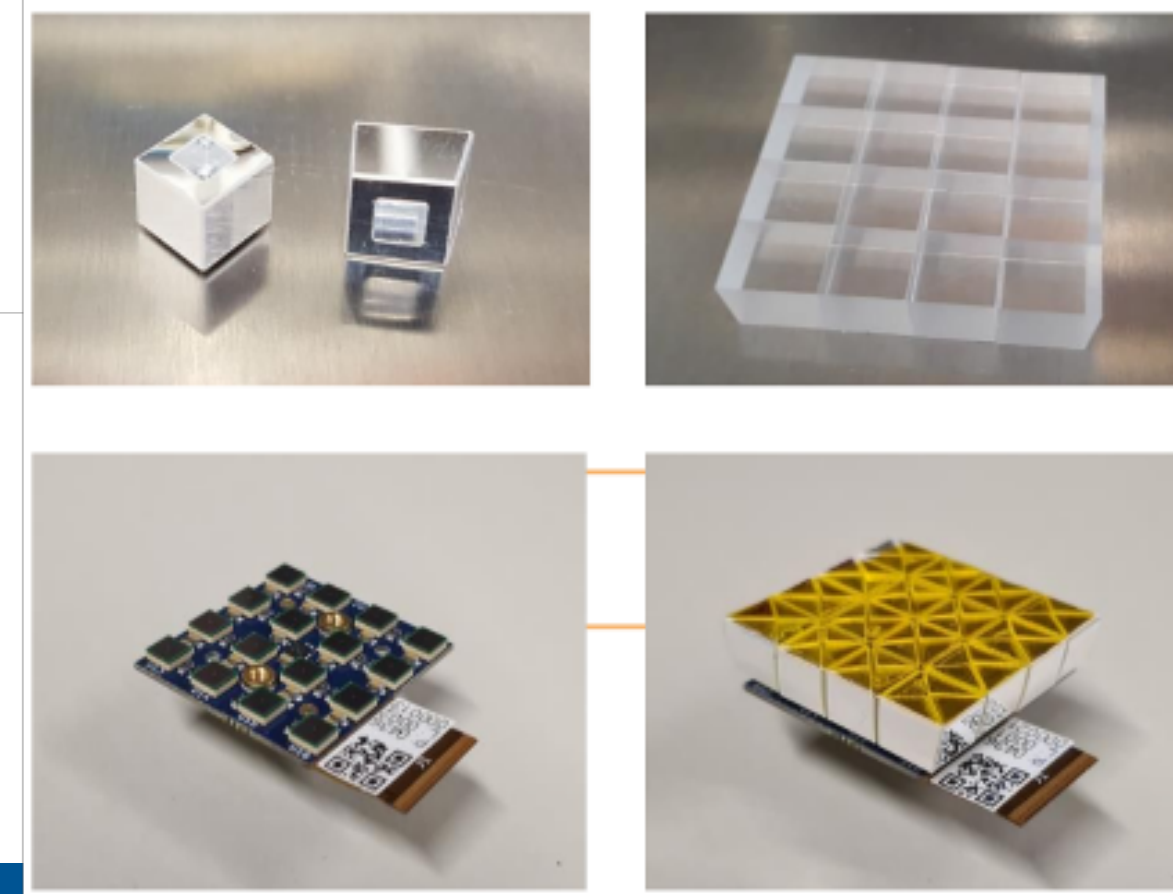
Mu3e experiment



3 layers of 250µm **scintillating fibres**
Read-out by (SiPMs) and custom ASIC
Timing resolution < 0.5ns

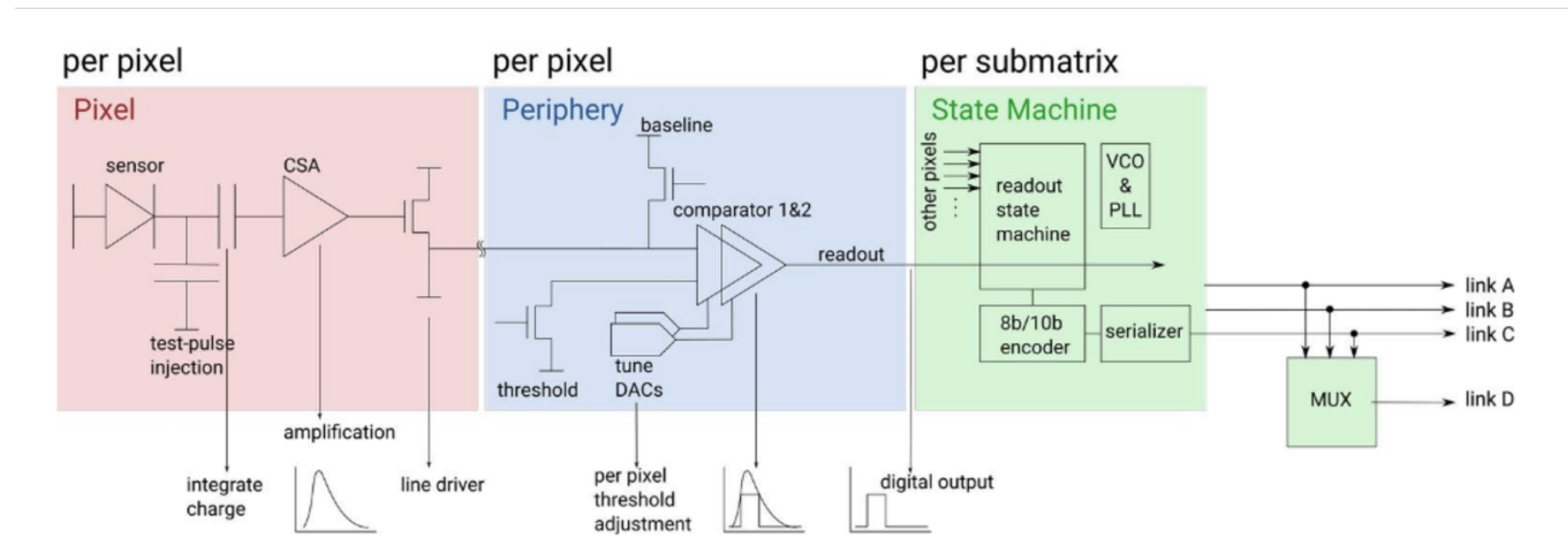
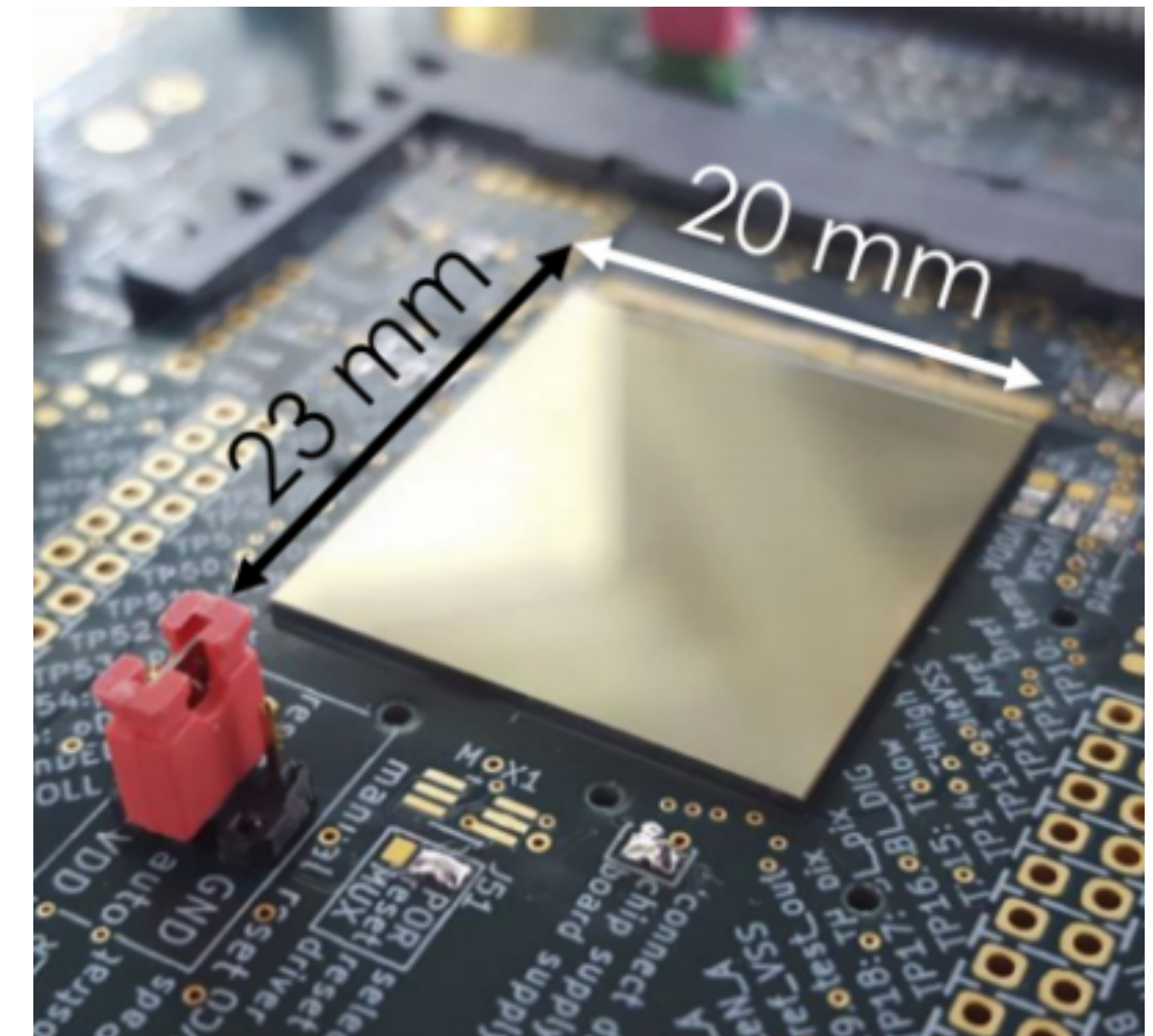


≈0.5cm³ **scintillating tiles**
Readout by SiPMs and custom ASIC
Timing resolution 80ps



Mupix 11

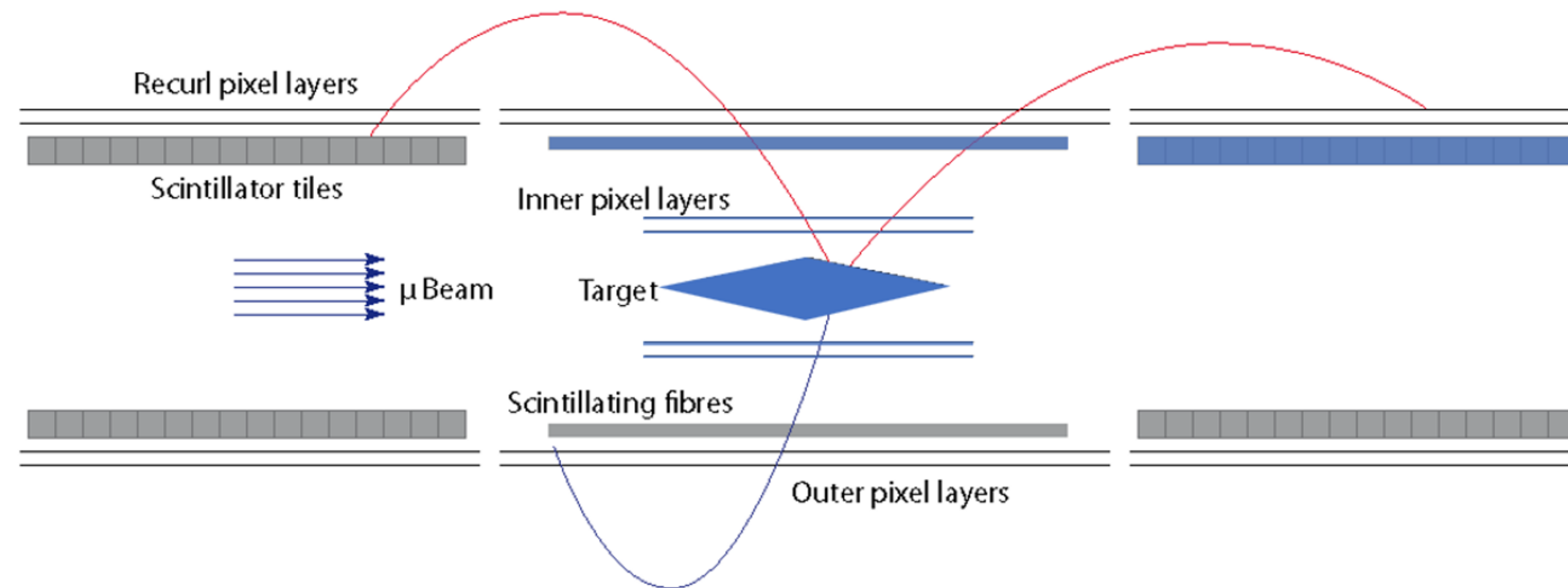
- High-Voltage Monolithic Active Pixel Sensor (HV-MAPS)
- Detection and Readout combined in one chip
- Fully digital 1.25Gbit/s LVDS output
- Pixel size $80\mu\text{m} \times 80\mu\text{m}$
- 99% efficiency with less than 20ns time resolution
- 2 comparator design
- Tuning/trimming and masking available
- Chip sub-divided into 3 matrices:
1 data link each + 1 multiplexed link



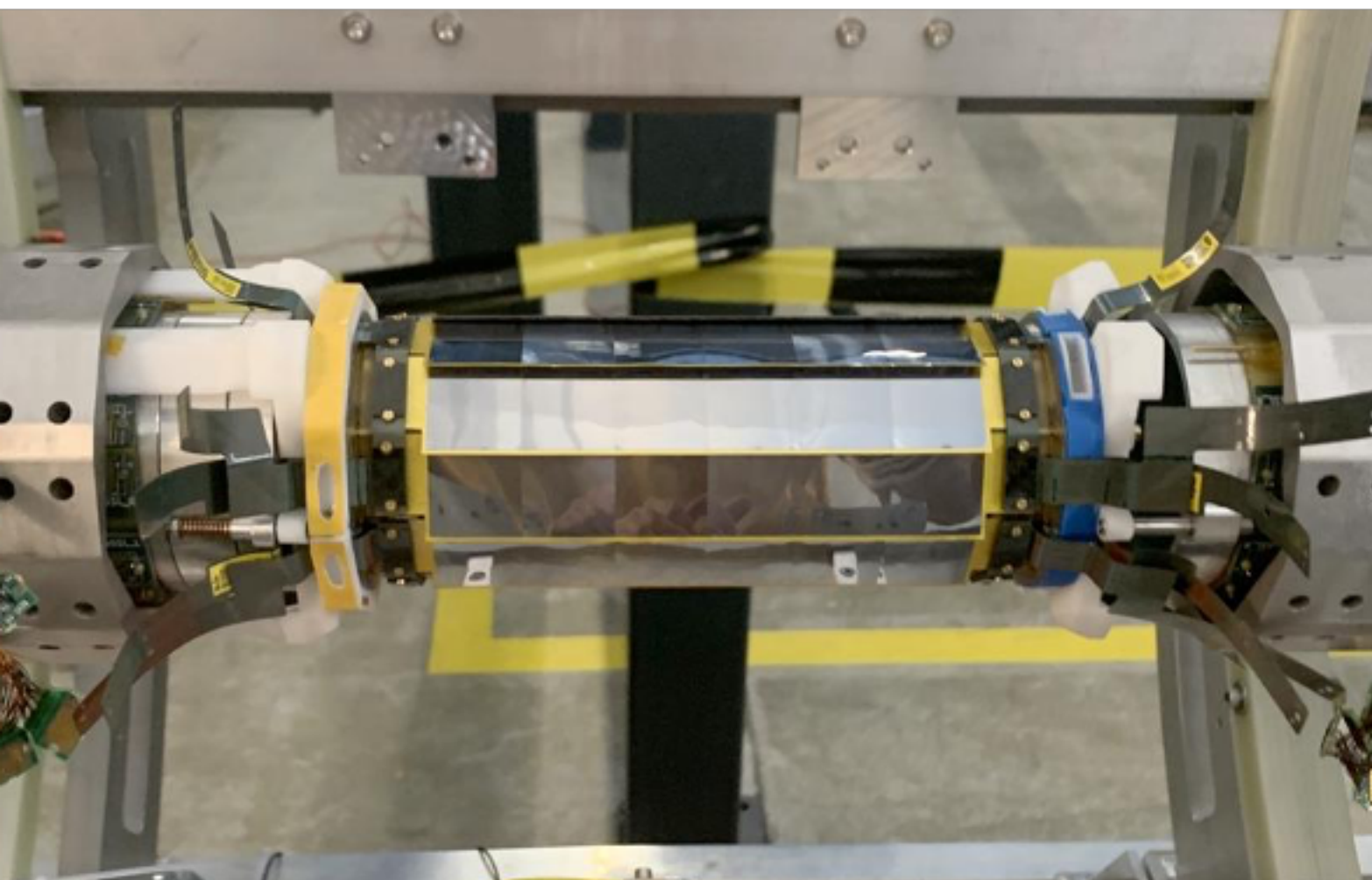
Minimal detector configuration

Three weeks of commissioning run campaign in 2025 at PSI in PiE5

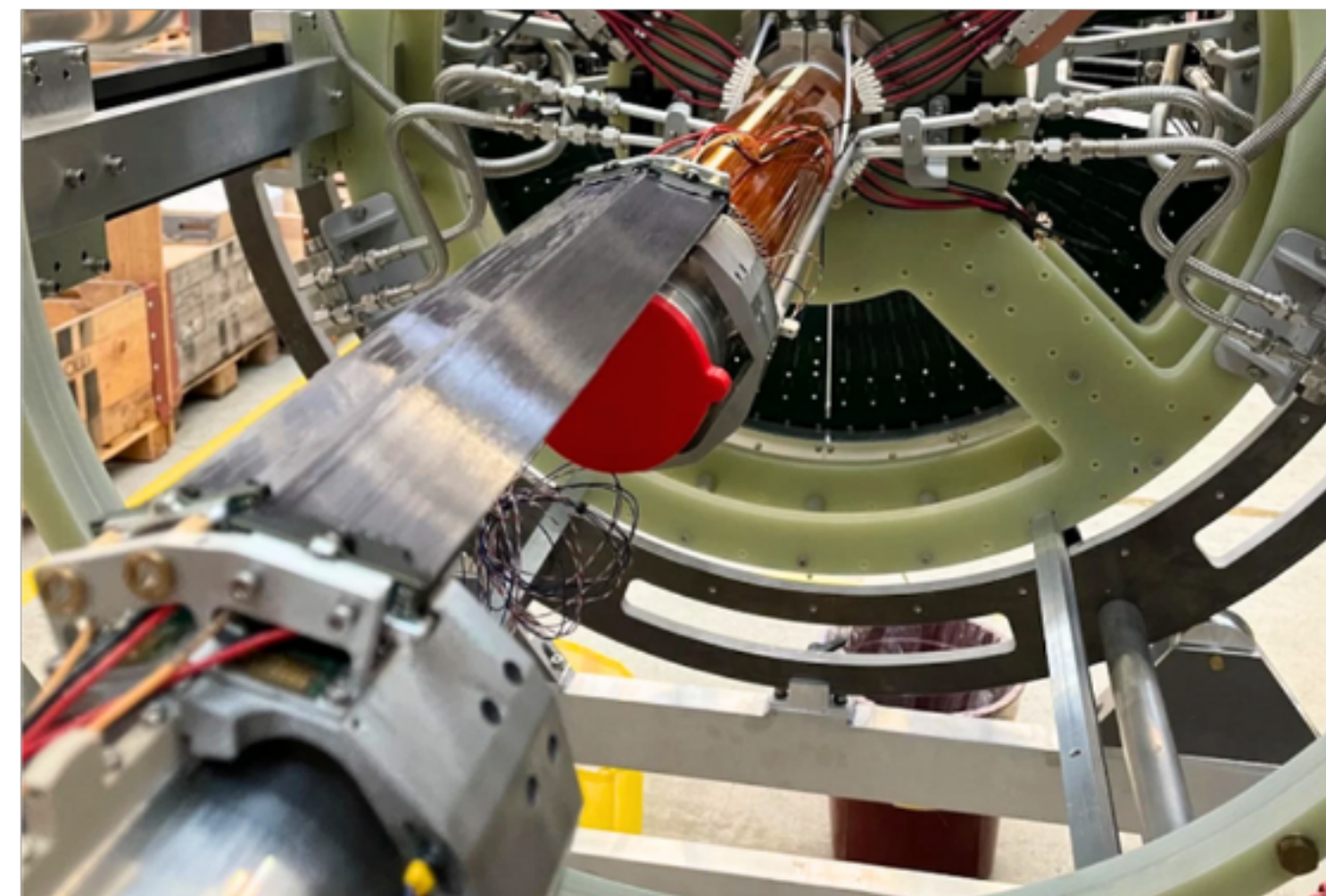
- **Full vertex detector** installed with 108 sensors
- **One** of six SciFi modules
- **Three** of fourteen SciTile modules
- Operation with gaseous helium cooling and 1T magnetic field
- Most services independent of the sub-system have been installed and tested



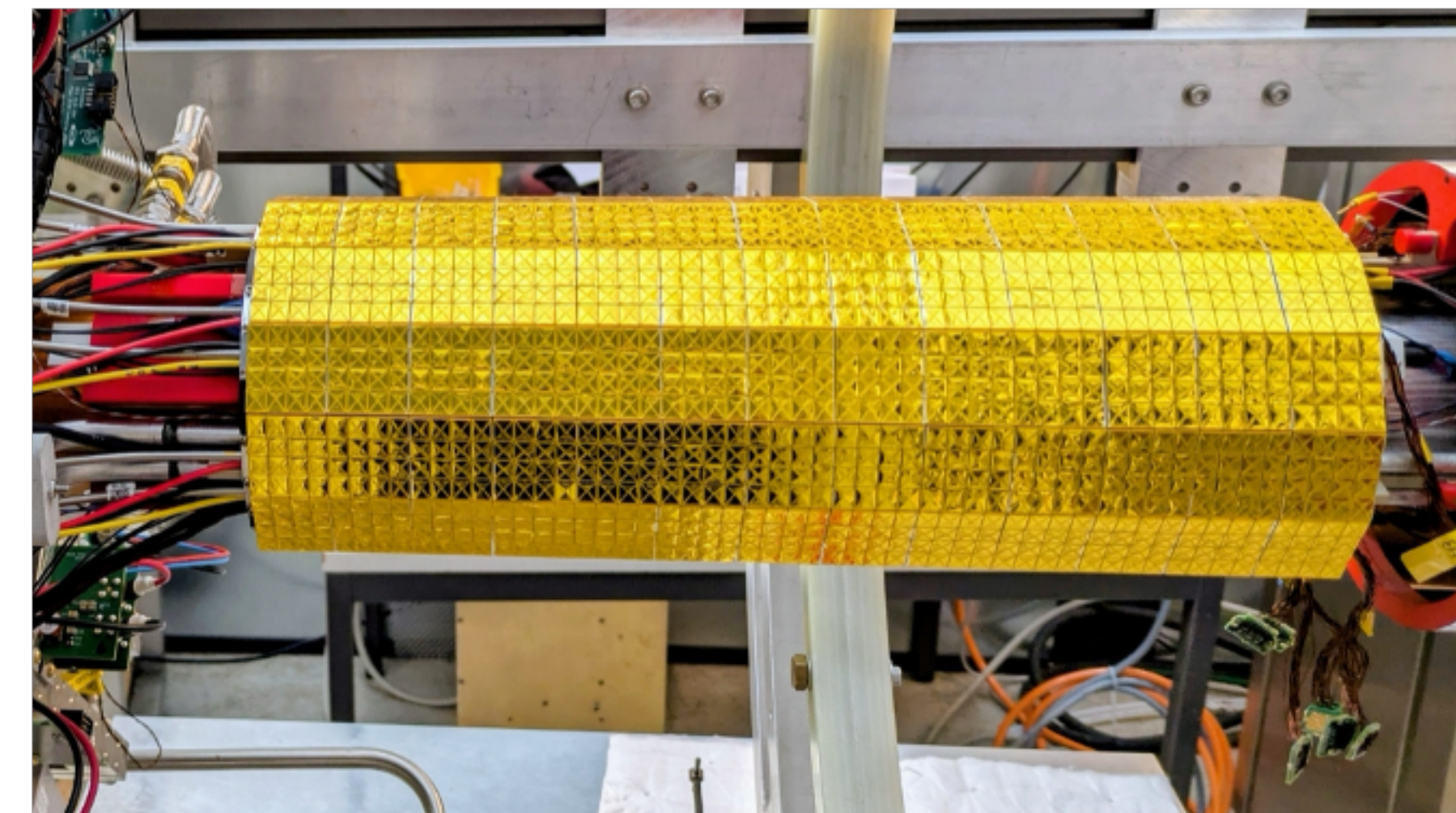
Commissioning Run 2025



Full Vertex Detector



2 SciFi ribbons

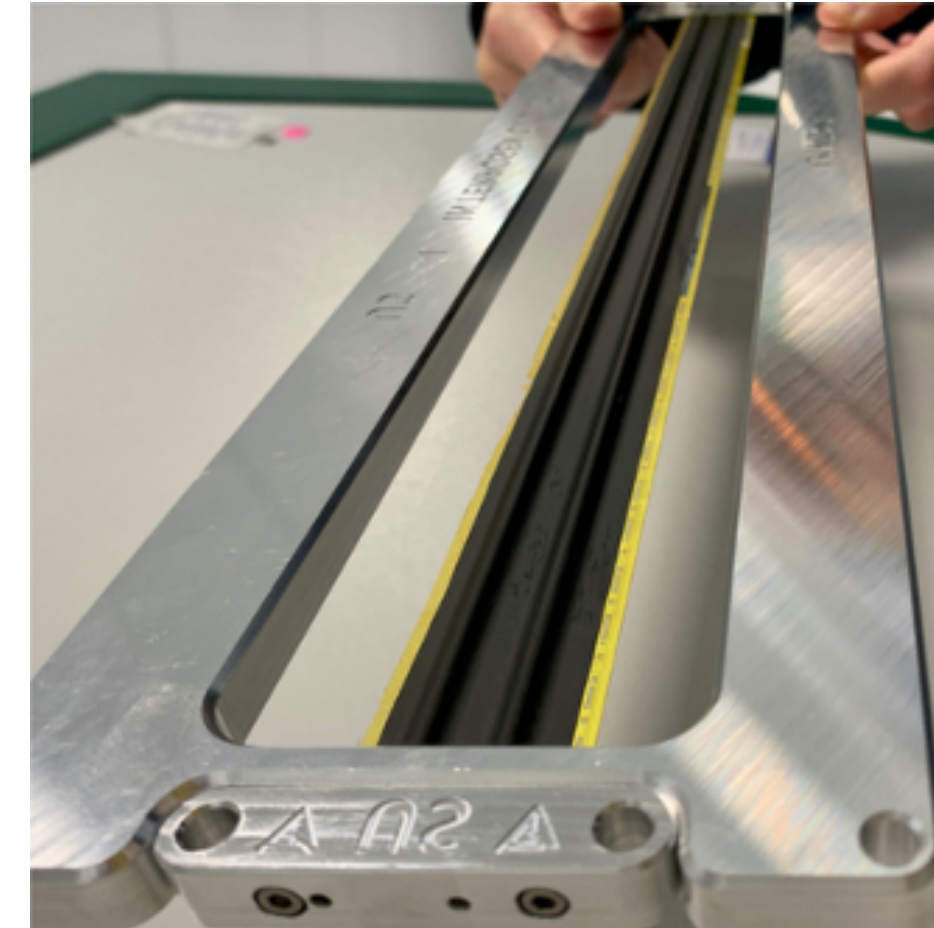


3 SciTile modules

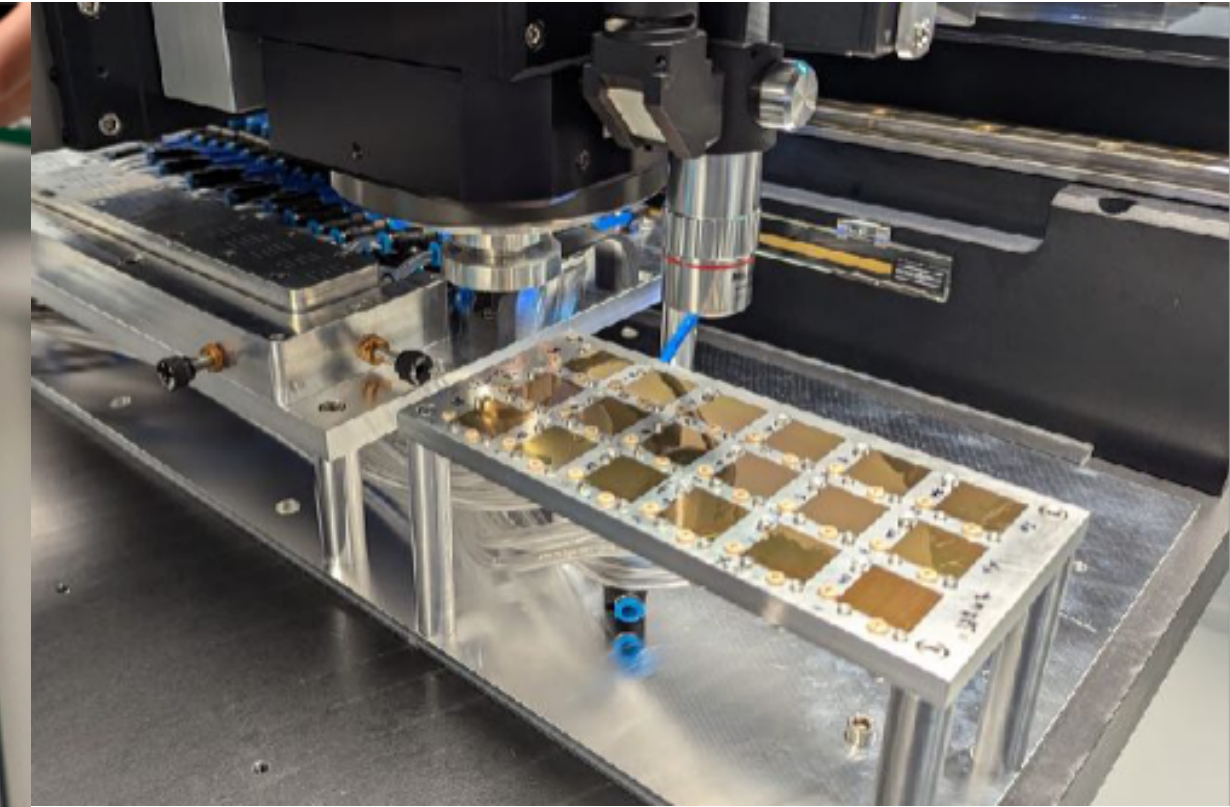
**More details will be given by Jak at one of the Muon Meeting
in January/February**

Towards physics in 2026

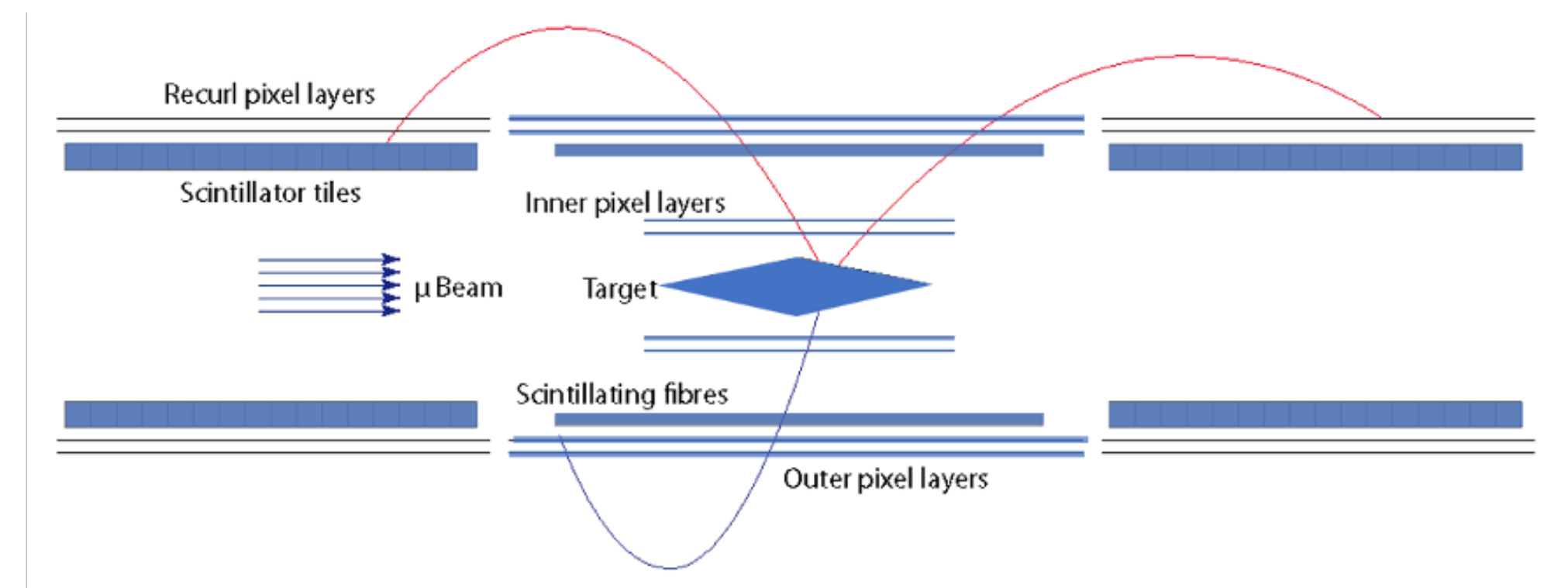
- Aim for a physics run in 2026
 - Construct Vertex V2 (70 μ m thin sensors)
 - Outer pixel production (central detector)
 - ▶ Use 25 μ m uni-directional carbon-fibre stiffner
 - ▶ Robotic gantry used for placement of chip
 - SciFi & Tile production
- Could **surpass** the SINDRUM limit in less than two weeks
- Install the full detector in 2027
 - Production of recurl stations (2026)
- Phase I data taking in HIMB
 - Need 1 year of data taking to reach the BR of 10^{-15}



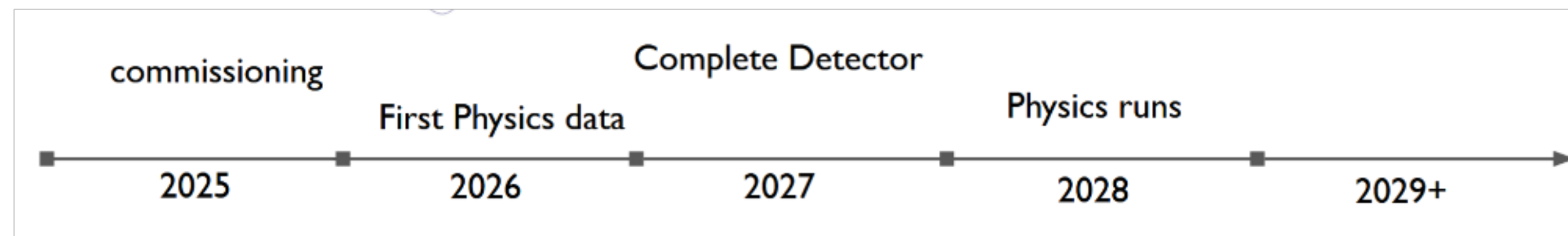
Carbon stiffner
attached to a ladder



Robotic gantry for
chip placement



Detector Setup for 2026 Physics data taking campaign



Towards physics in 2026

- Aim for a physics run in 2026
 - Construct Vertex V2 (70 μ m thin sensors)
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