



DarkSide-20k

DarkSide-20k: next-generation LAr detector for direct detection of DM Global Argon Dark Matter Collaboration (GADMC): 400 scientists, ~100 institutions!



DEAP 3600

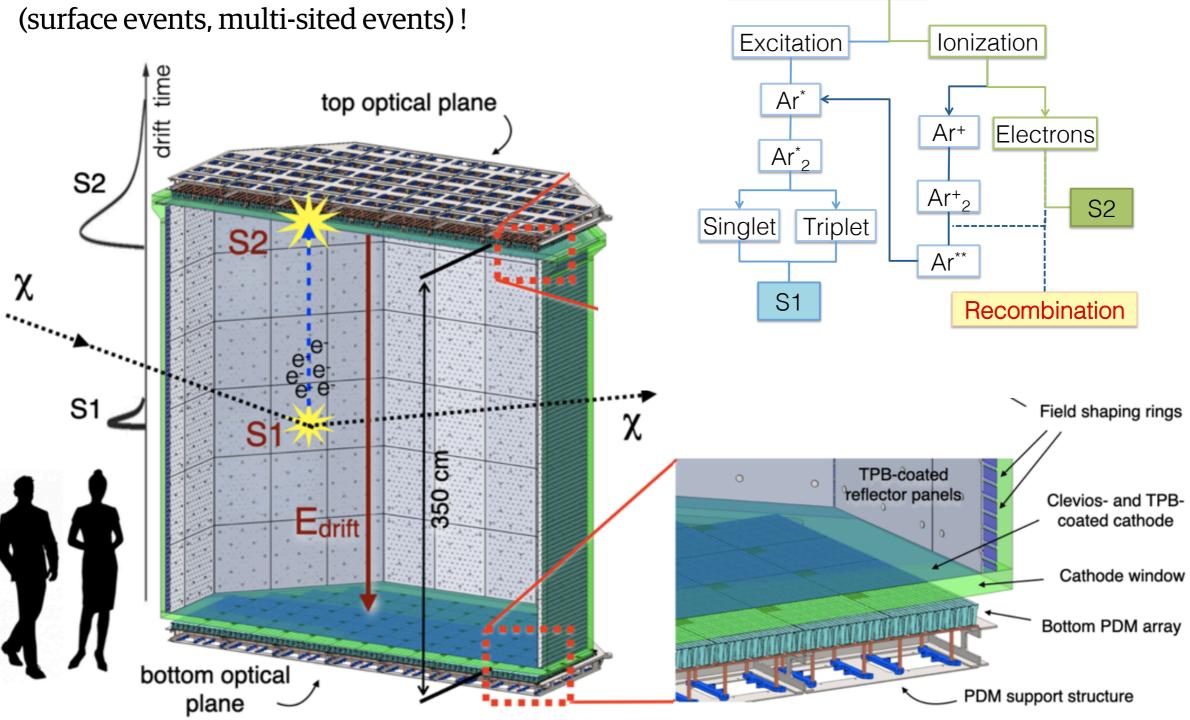
miniClean

DarkSide-20k, a 50 tonnes LAr target (>> current gen), aiming at **background-free high-mass WIMP** search:

- Pulse Shape Discrimination (PSD) in Liquid Argon
- Argon extracted from underground (**UAr**) *URANIA*: facility in Colorado
- Chemical purification via *ARIA* in Sardinia
- Installed at LNGS in a copy of the protoDUNE cryostats (500 m³)
- Neutron veto made of 15 cm thick plastic scintillator loaded with GdOxide (R&D)
- Detection of scintillation using novel custom-developed **Silicon Photomultiplier** (SiPM) arrays (multi yr R&D) Requires > 20 m²!
- Construction started at LNGS
- Projected sensitivity ~ 10⁻⁴⁸ cm² at 100 GeV/c²

Dual-phase TPC

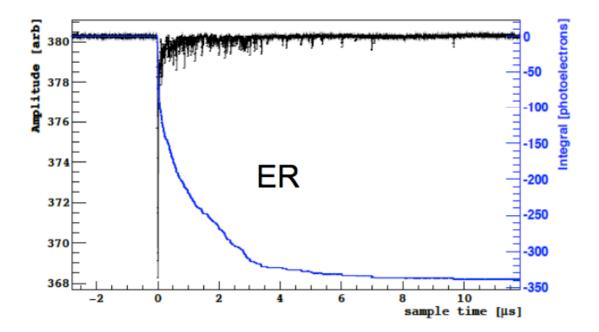
- 3.5 m drift length, 3.5 m diameter
- 200 V/cm nominal drift field
- 3D vertex reconstruction (surface events, multi-sited events)

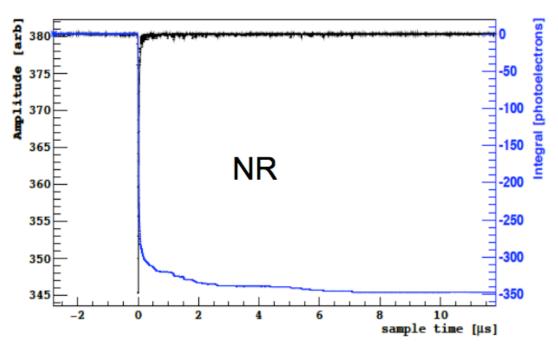


Energy deposition

Heat

Pulse Shape Discrimination

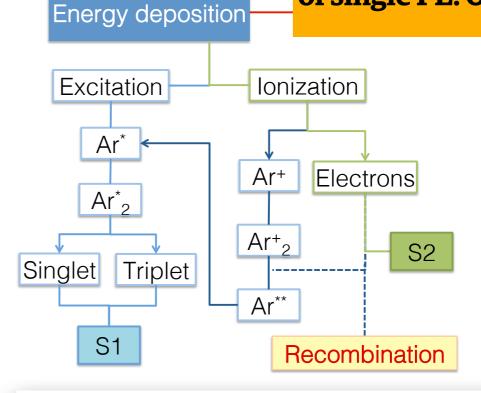


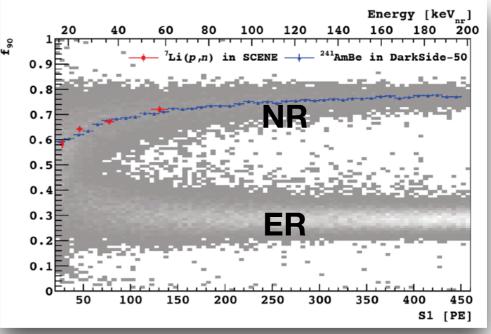


 $\tau_{fast} \sim 6$ ns, $\tau_{slow} \sim 1.6 \ \mu s$ ER rejection factor: > 108 in LAr (16 to 33 keV_{ee})

DEAP-3600: Eur. Phys. J. C 81, 823 (2021)

- Benefits from **high light collection efficiency**
- Requirement on **timing** of single PE: O(10) ns





Underground Argon procurement

Atmospheric argon contains cosmogenic 39 Ar (10^{-15} g/g) $-> \beta$ -decay, 565 keV endpoint and $t_{1/2} = 269$ yr

->1 Bq/kg

First batch of Underground Argon extracted from a CO2 well, ~160 kg, demonstrated **x1400** activity reduction

NEED TO SCALE THIS UP!

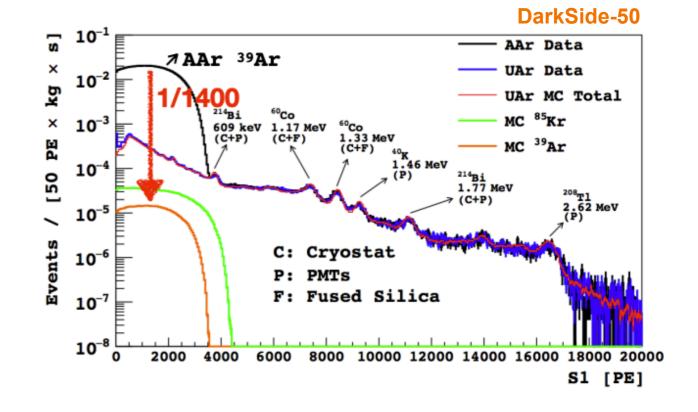
URANIA (underway):

Expansion of the argon extraction plant in Cortez, CO, to reach capacity of **330 kg/day** of Underground Argon

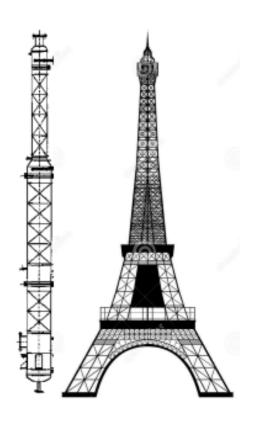
ARIA (1/10 prototype operated):

350 m tall distillation column in the Seruci mine in Sardinia, Italy, for high-volume chemical and isotopic purification of Underground Argon.

A factor 10 reduction of 39Ar per pass is expected.





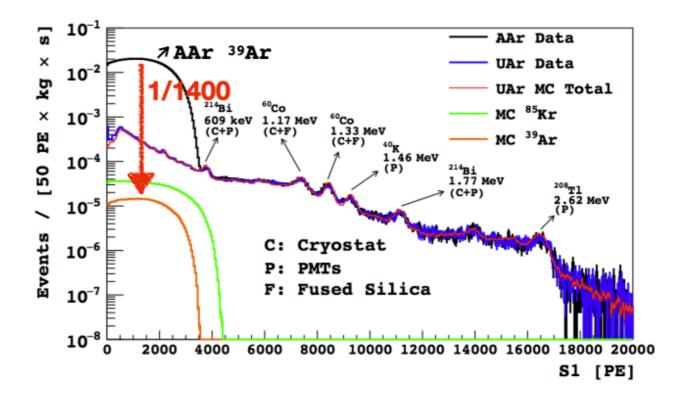


Eur.Phys.J.C 81 (2021) 4, 359

Underground Argon procurement

Atmospheric argon contains cosmogenic 39 Ar (10^{-15} g/g) $-> \beta$ -decay, 565 keV endpoint and $t_{1/2}$ = 269 yr -> 1 Bq / kg

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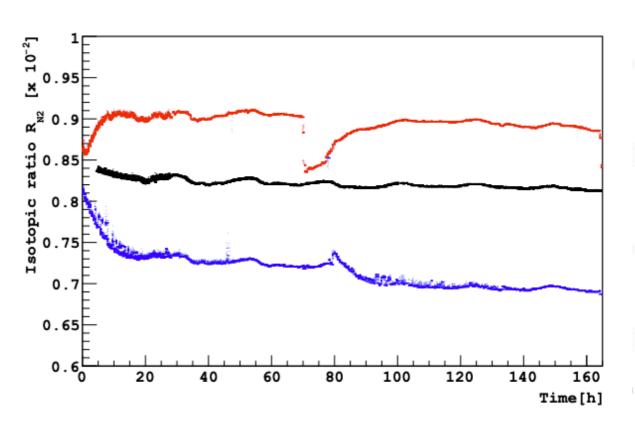
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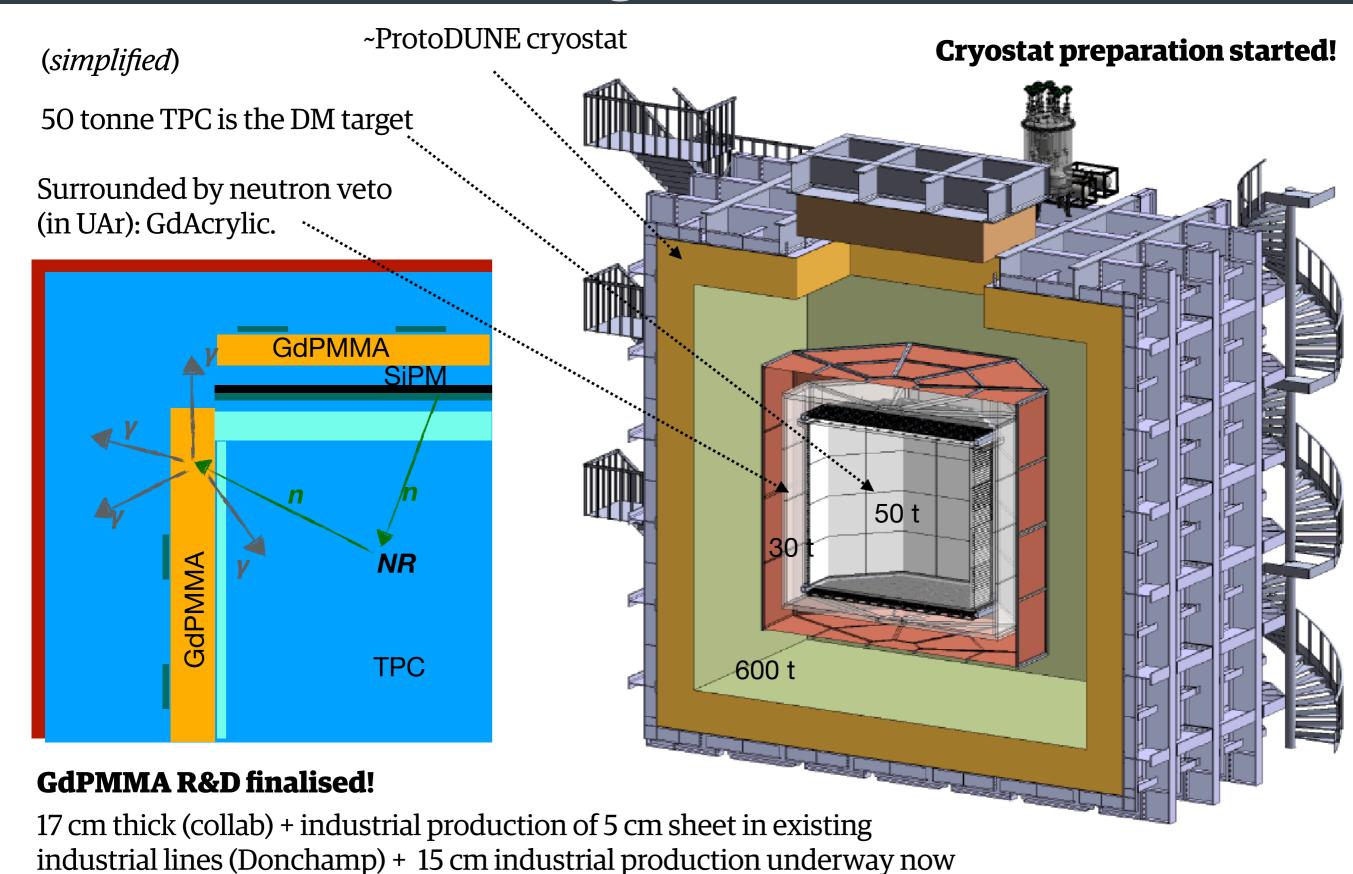
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Overall Detector Design



DM-UK-21

SiPM light readout

A **SiPM** is an array of **SPADs** (Single photo-avalanche diode) — operated above the break-down voltage. <u>Timeline of DarkSide SiPMs:</u>

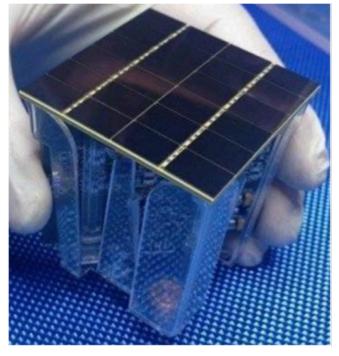
- 2014: Collaboration with FBK (Fondazione Bruno Kessler) started
- 2018: Technological transfer to LFoundry for the Silicon mass production
- End 2021: Si wafer production complete



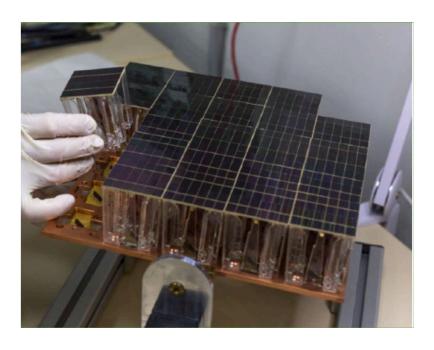
30 x 30 um²

x 10⁵: 9 x 11 mm²

- + Higher photo-detection efficiency
- + Better single photon resolution
- + Lower background (lower mass)
- + Lower cost per unit area



x 24:5 x 5 cm²



up tp ~20 m²

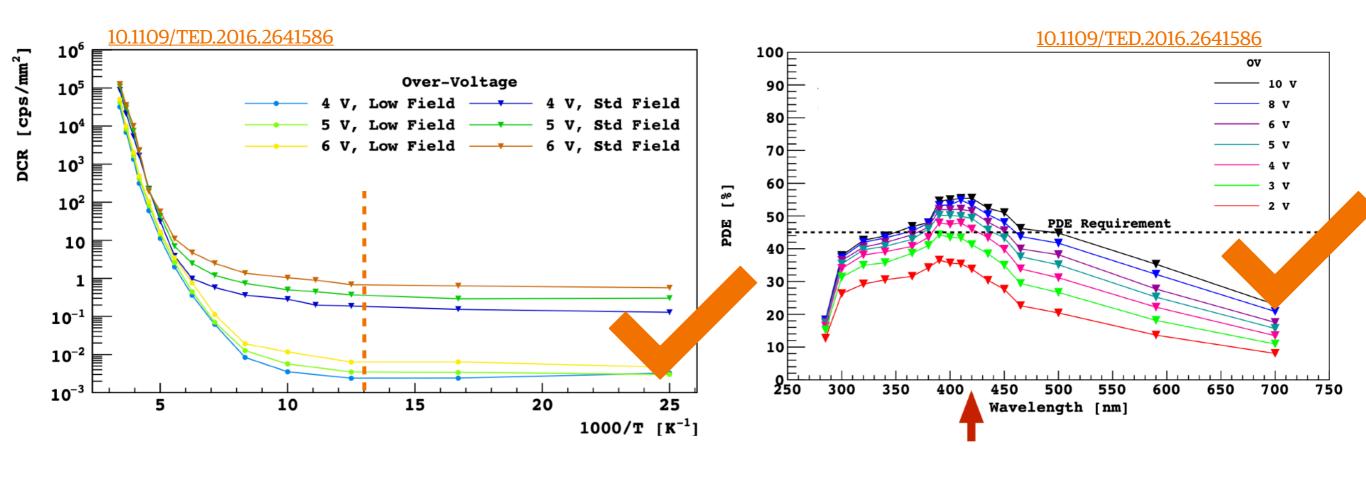
Challenges:

- High dark count rate (DCR)
- Small cell size
- high capacitance per unit area

Requirements the experiment (PSD):

- $-DCR < 0.1 \,Hz \,/\,mm^2$
- time resolution < O(10) ns
- detection efficiency > 40%

Technology achievements (FBK)



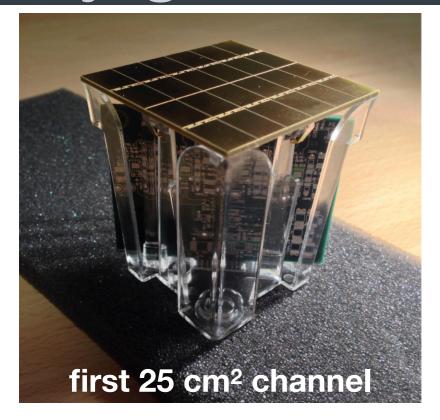
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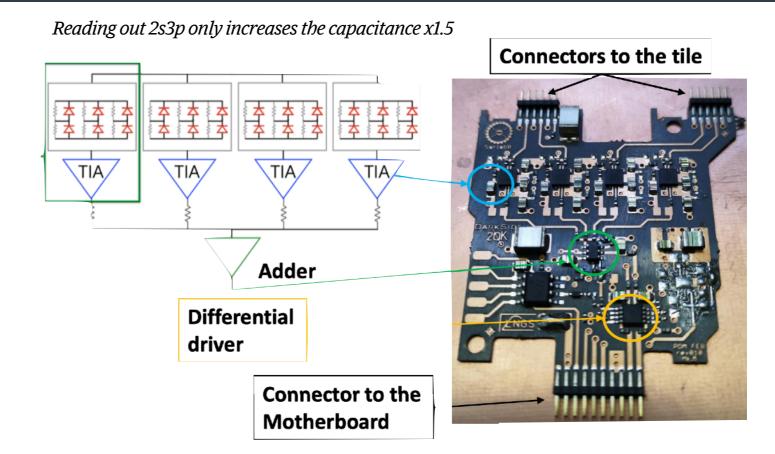
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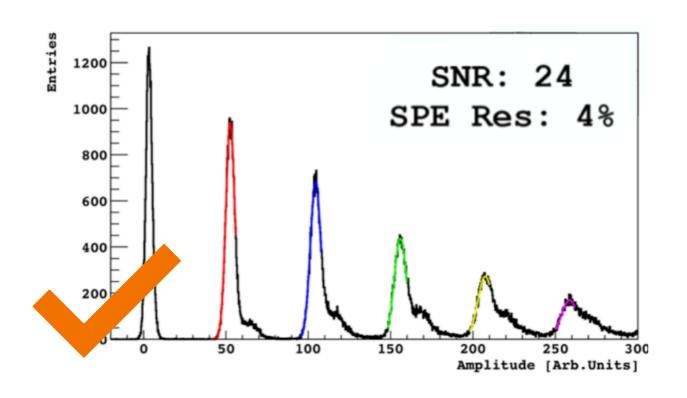
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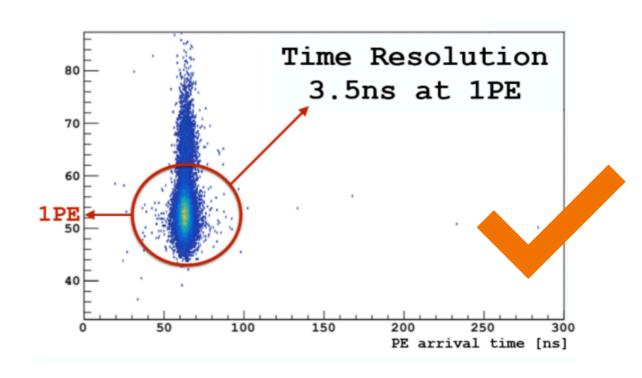
Cryogenic FEB



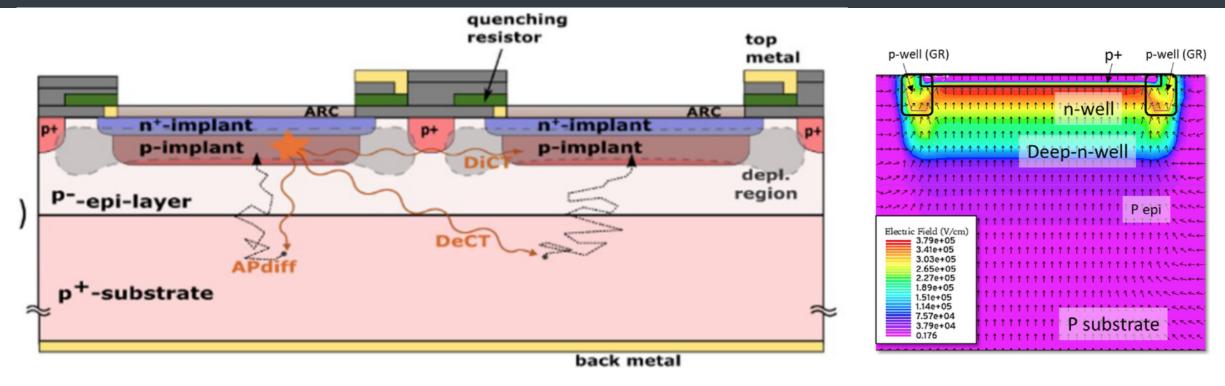


...Need 12000 of these!





SiPM - characterisation



Amplitude

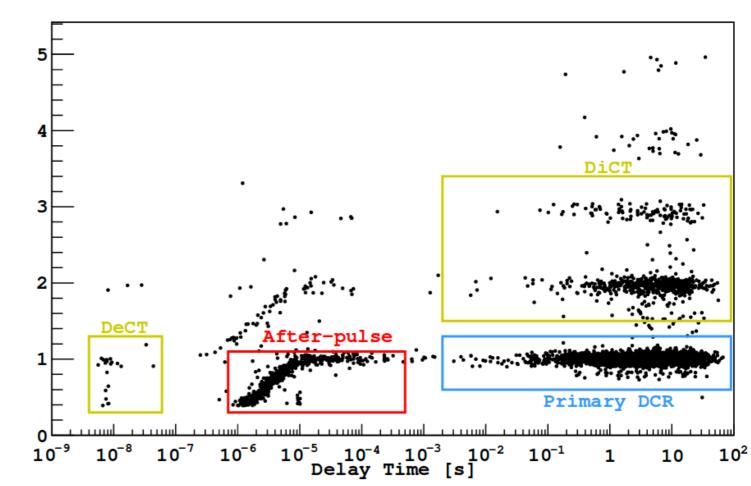
DiCT: 1 - 10 ns

DeCT: < 100 ns

DCR (uncorrelated)

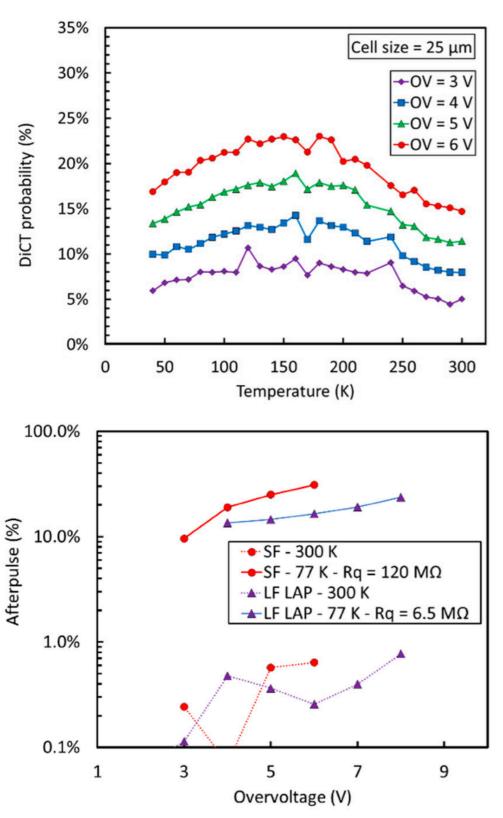
APs: 1 - 100 us

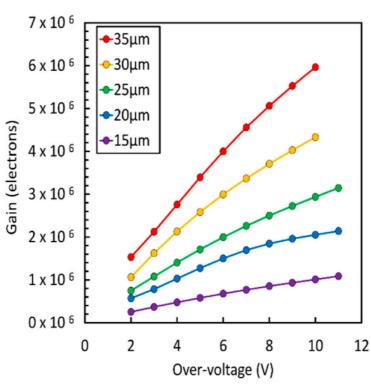
Assessing impact on PSD, data rate, DAQ requirements...



SiPM - characterisation: benchmarks

from https://doi.org/10.3390/s19020308

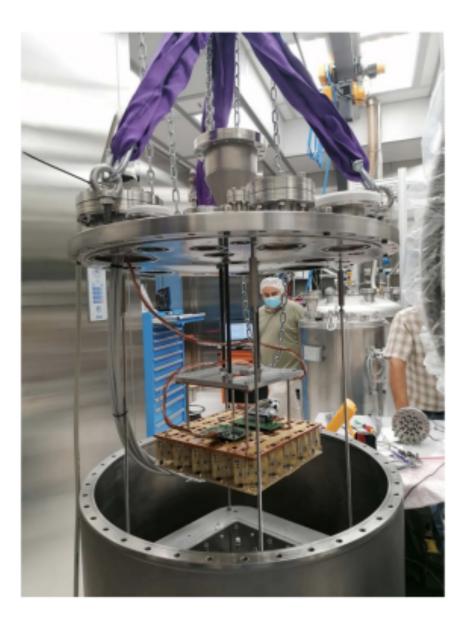




Glossary
OV: Over Voltage
SF: std field
LF: low field
LAP: low After Pulse

Tests ongoing in several locations (RHUL, Naples)

- stability
- statistics
- correlated noise probabilities
- investigate strange behaviours



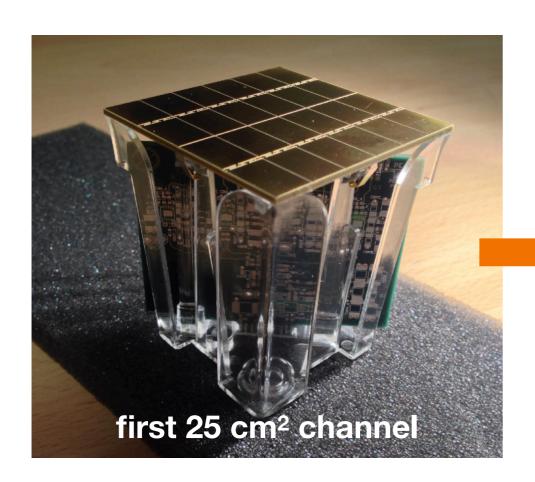
Redesign of the board and readout

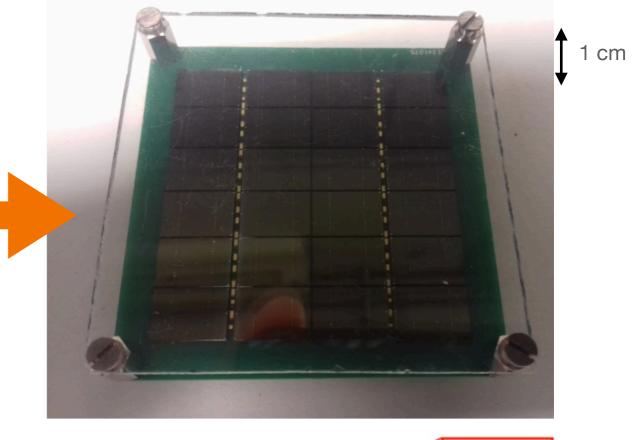
Same SiPM tiles used for the **neutron Veto too**

Neutron captures on Gd (8 MeV): higher threshold, high-dynamic range, timing > 10 ns

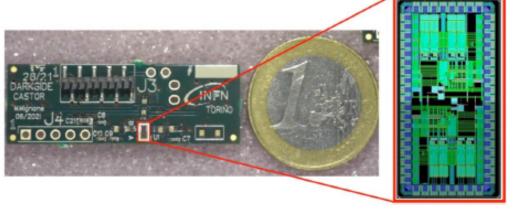
Recently completed **review process** and **redefinition** of the design

(better radio-purity, different readout and mechanics – reduces complexity, improves robustness)





Overall radioactivity reduced by ~ 2x

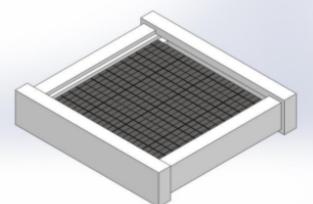


The Veto Photo-Electronics

- Production
- Qualification
- Radio-assay
- Assembly
- Testing
- Installation

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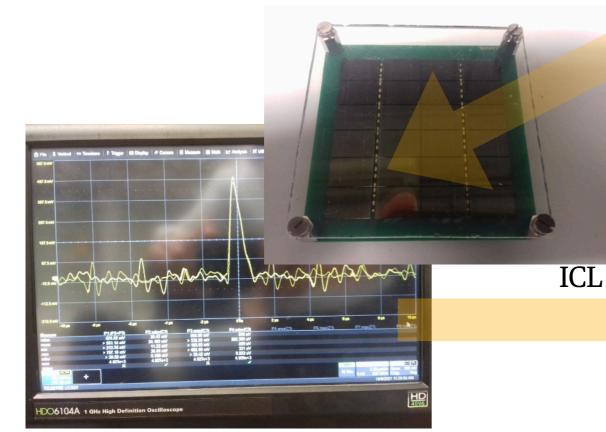
... led by **UK** institutions



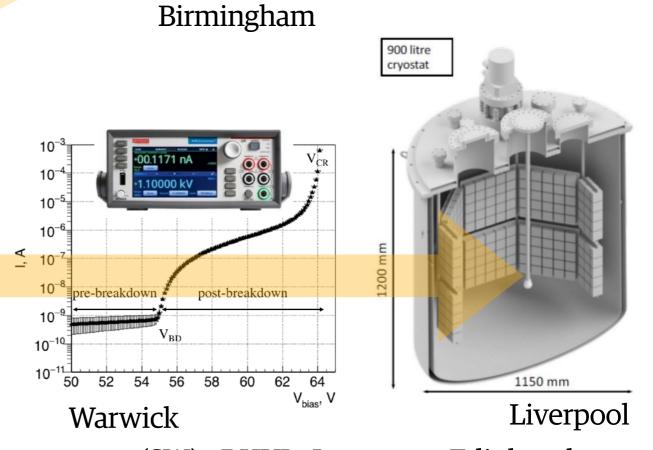
Manchester



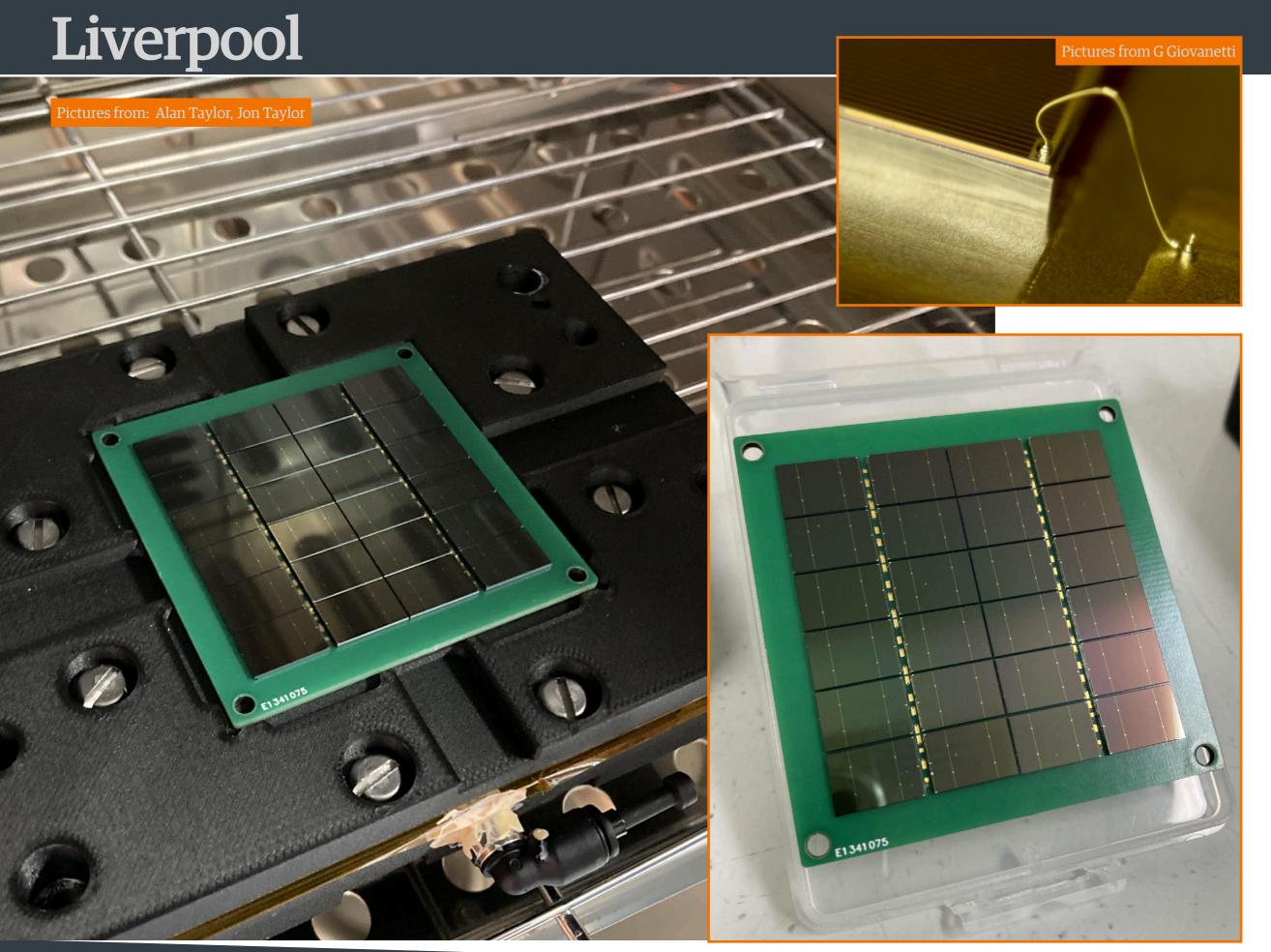
STFC Interconnect +Liverpool



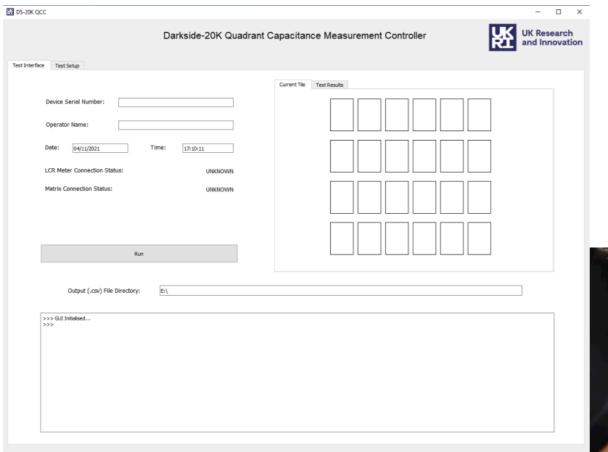
INFN Genova+Torino



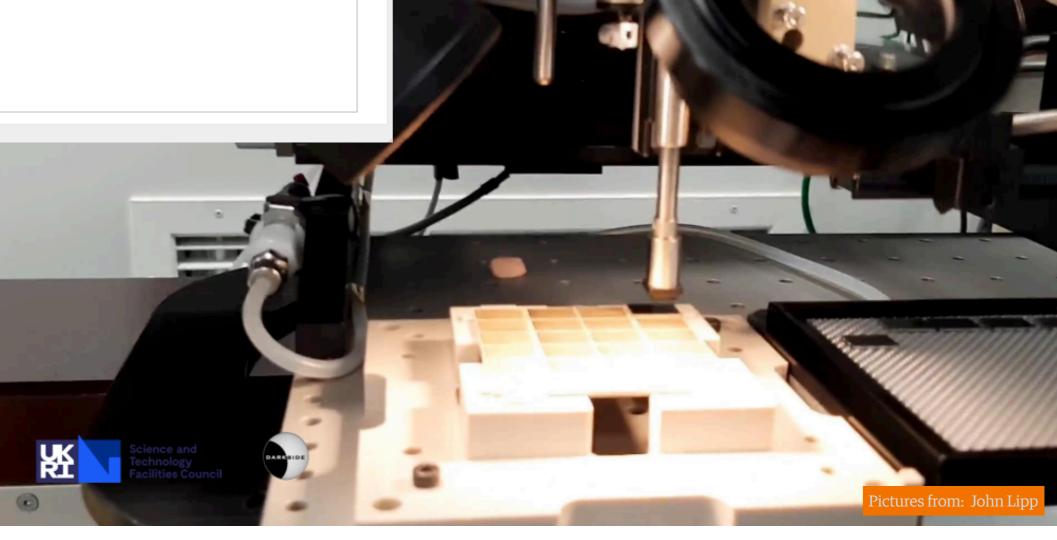
(SW) +RHUL+Lancaster+Edinburgh



STFC Interconnect @ RAL



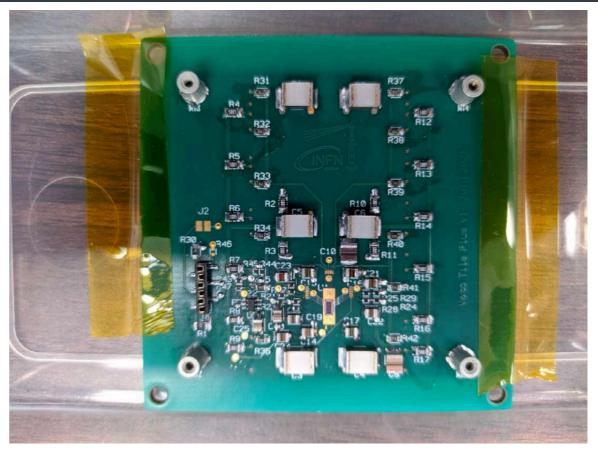
- + Flip chip bonding (indium bumps at low-T)
- + Cryo Probing and LRC testing
- + Wire Bonding



Birmingham and ICL

- PCBs are populated at Birmingham (automated pick and place) and ICL.
- Dedicated reflow oven for radio-clean operations (low-background experiments)
- Warm and Cold tests of the populated PCBs







Manchester, Warwick, Edinburgh, RHUL

Storage, shipment, installation box

[Manchester]

Radioactivity assessment at **Boulby**

Warm Test Setup [Warwick]

IV curves, Noise power spectra

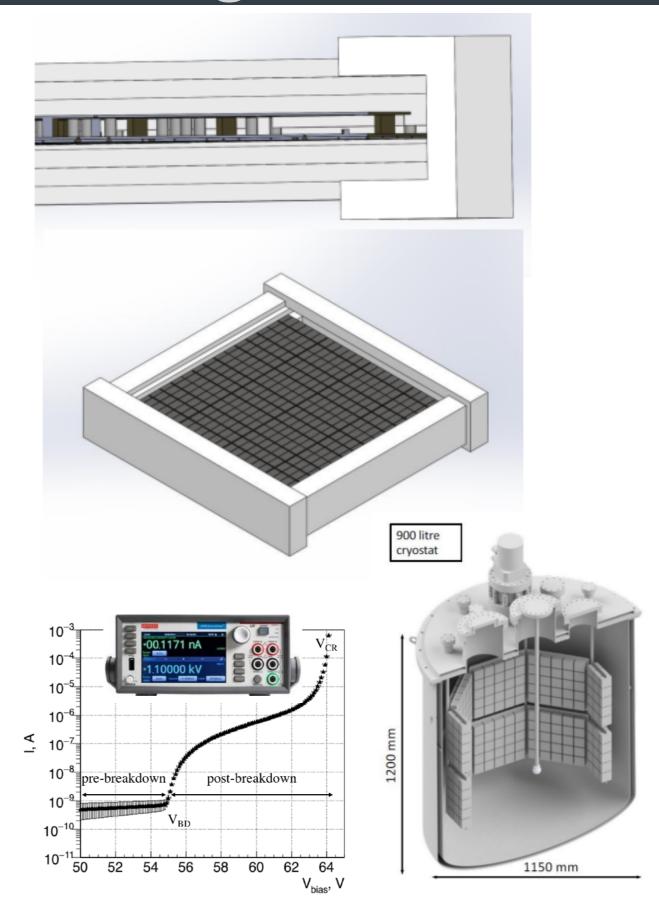
Cold Test Setup [Liverpool]

- 400 channels simultaneously (largest)

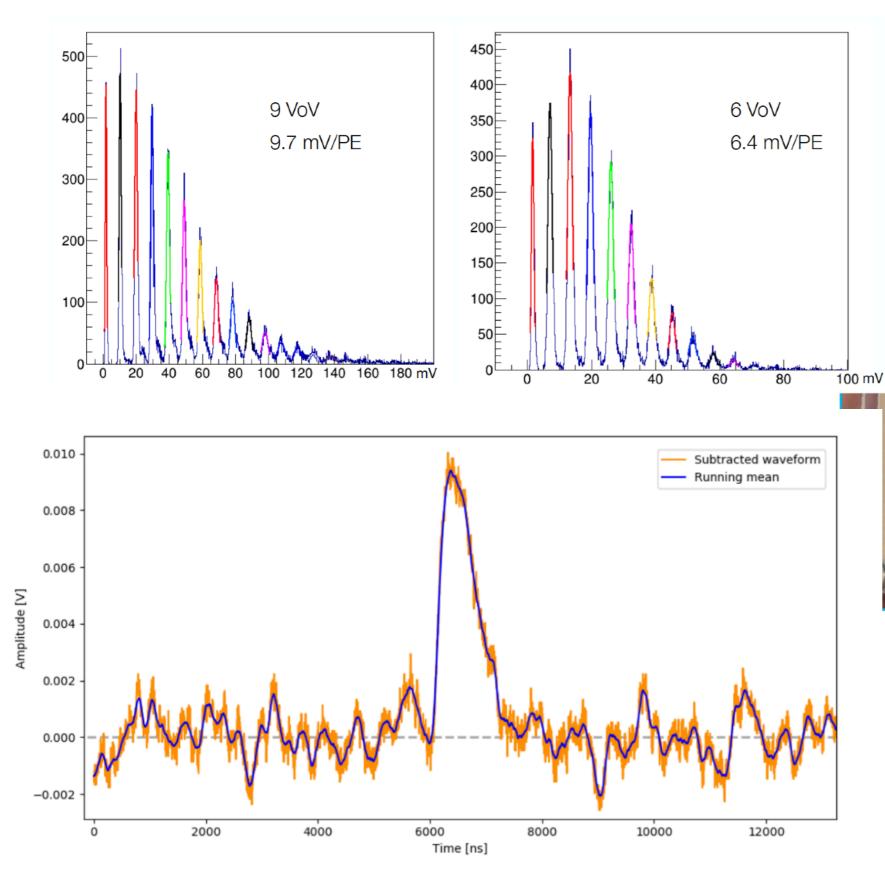
SW (analysis, database) and quality assurance [Lancaster, Manchester, RHUL, Edinburgh]

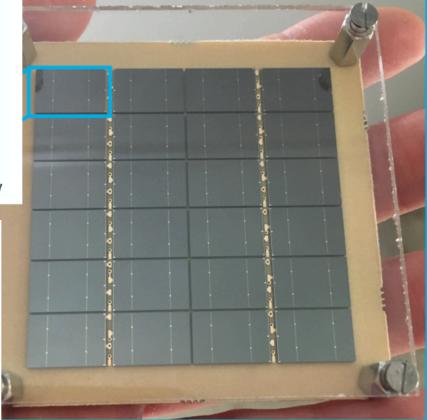
- Develop Analysis framework and data handling procedures
- Define performance requirements

•••



First vTile Prototype





Conclusions

Several successful R&Ds provided solutions and green light to start the construction phase

- GdPMMA for neutron veto
- cryostat site preparation
- TPC photo-electronics
- Neutron veto Optical Module development (led by UK institutions)

Now starting to deal with mass production, testing and characterisation



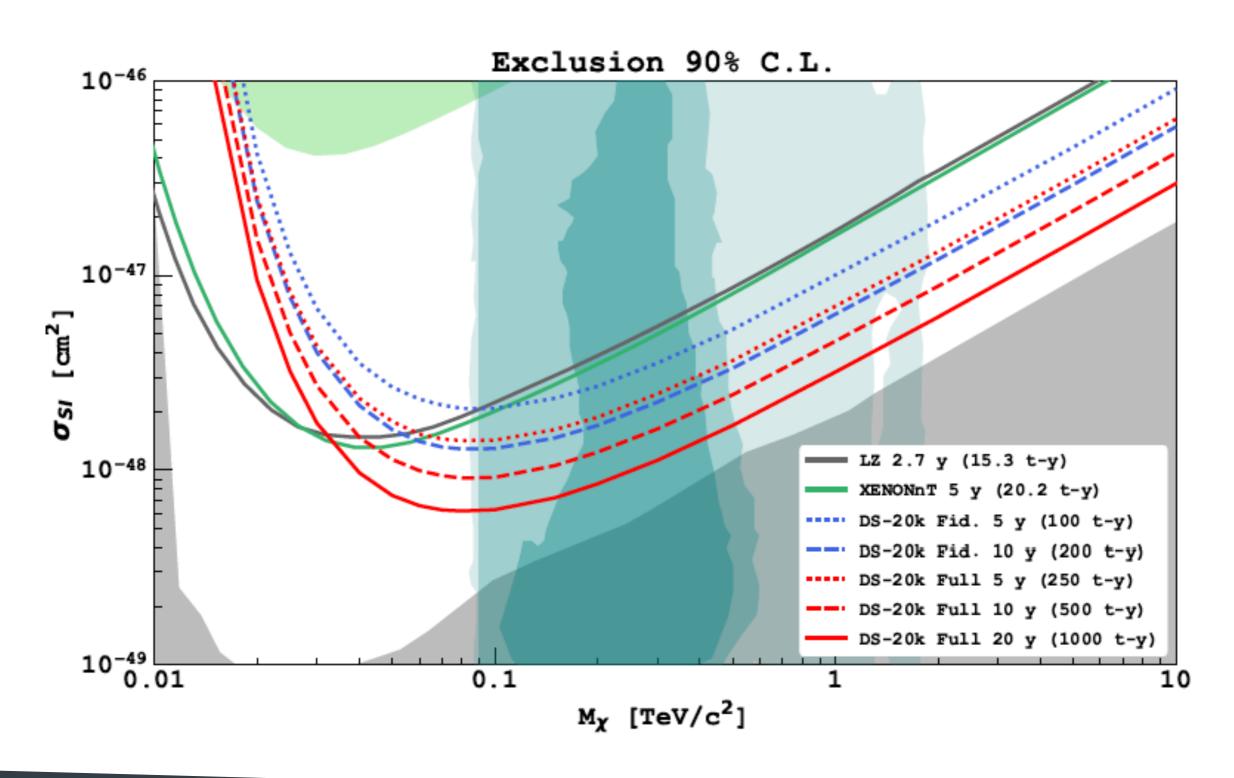


DarkSide-UK Collaboration Meeting

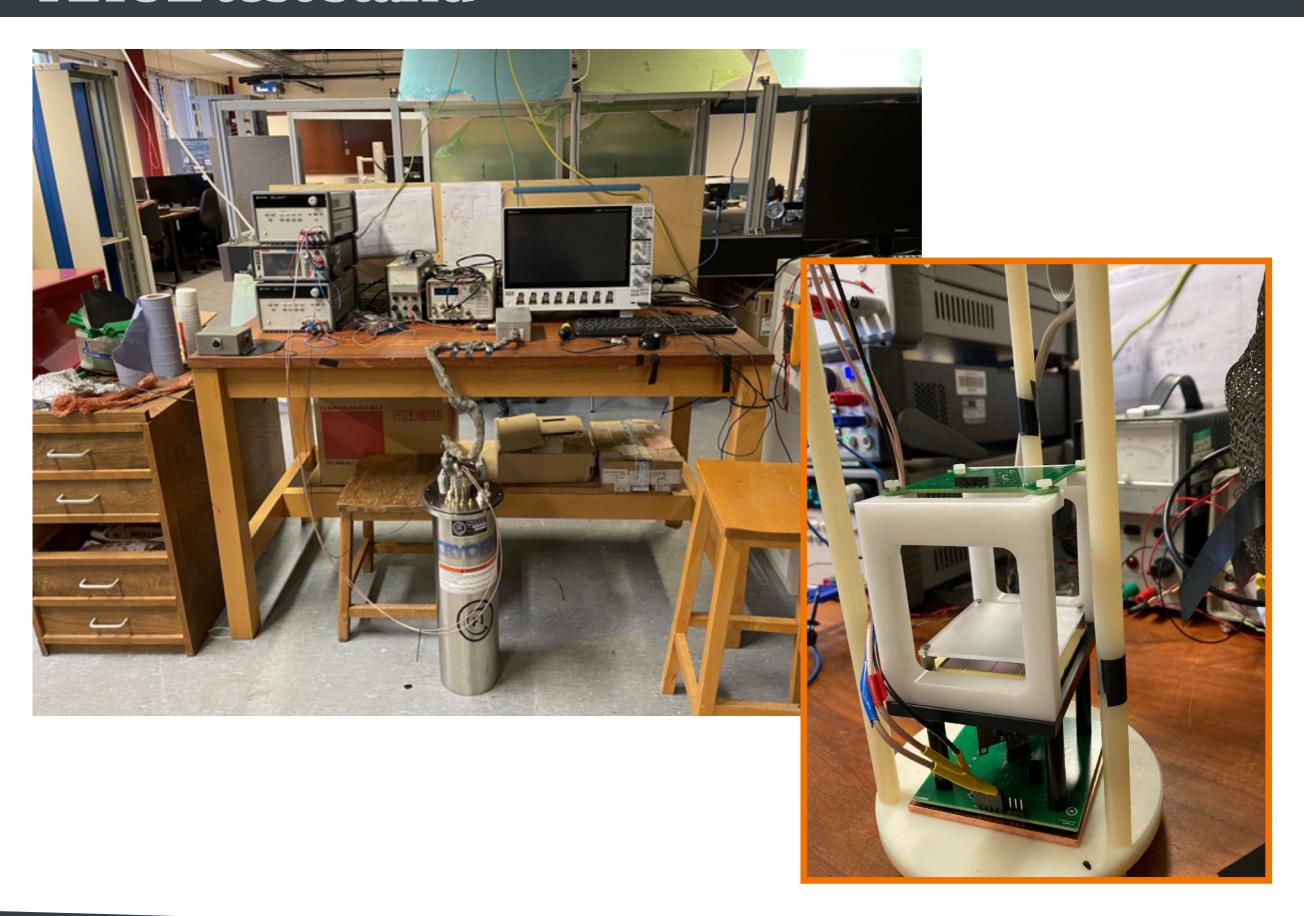
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Sensitivity projections

PSD (<0.1 ER) + < 0.1 NR (instrumental backgrounds) + CNNES



RHUL test stand



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